Newport Daily News.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1900. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Just Received,

Direct from the Orient,
About 250 rolls of **China Mattings** and we venture the assertion that this is the largest stock of mattings ever received in Newport at one shipment.

NOTE OUR PRICES:

55 lb.	Mattings,	12 1-2c.	per	yard.	
65-lb.	"	"	15c.	"	"
75-lb.	"	"	20c.	"	"
85-lb.	"	"	30c.	"	"

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.

A. C. Titus Company.

MARCH 12.

Our Prices This Week.

Turkeys, 12 lbs. and over, 13c. per lb.; smaller at 15c.
Coggeshall Farm Eggs, 22c. a doz.; 5 doz. $1.
Fresh Eggs 16c. per doz.; 7 doz. for $1.
Fresh Rhode Island Pork.

J. A. & H. H. BARKER.

TO MEET RUSSIA IN THE EAST.

America and England to Send Fleets to Chinese Waters.

NEW YORK, March 14.—The movement on the part of the Boer republics to obtain peace from England has been coupled by the Journal and Advertiser with the announcement that both England and the United States will send warships to Chinese waters. The note of the Boer leaders to Lord Salisbury is thus viewed:

"President Kruger and President Steyn have apparently made a shrewd diplomatic move, for it cannot be supposed that they expected Lord Salisbury to consent to peace on any such terms as those they proposed. They have, however, obtained from the British premier a tangible statement of the intentions of England and her determination to take from the two republics their independence.

"This gives them something on which they may appeal to the powers, asking if the latter will stand by and see them crushed and turned into integral parts of the British empire."

A London cable to the same paper says: "The British China fleet is being strengthened. The government is taking precautions to meet Russia in the far East. Cruiser Argonaut has been ordered into commission and despatched immediately to Chinese waters, and the Terrible has been ordered to proceed to the same from Durban. These are the finest and most powerful cruisers in the navy."

Added to this is a special from Washington, which reads: "The German ambassador, Dr. Von Holleben, had a long conference with Acting Secretary of State Hill, in which the latter was presumably informed that a demonstration in China might be expected from Russia shortly.

"The chief of the bureau of navigation, Rear Admiral Crowninshield, saw Secretary of State Hay, after which the Navy Department announced that a Chinese squadron will be established, and that Rear Admiral Kempff, now commandant at the Mare Island navy yard, will be sent to Manila to take this squadron for cruising the Chinese and Japanese coasts; also, that Rear Admiral Remey, in charge of the Asiatic station, will maintain the naval base at Manila.

"It is understood that Rear Admiral Kempff's squadron will consist of the Oregon and Baltimore, now at Manila; the Iowa, Philadelphia and Marblehead, now on the Pacific coast, and the Montgomery, now attached to the South Atlantic station.

"It is believed here that the formation of the Chinese squadron by the United States is to be a warning to Russia and France that American interests are involved in any change in the conditions in China. Presumably Germany will make a similar demonstration."

Ontario House Divided on a Boer War Vote.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 14.—Late last night the House divided on Mr. Bourassa's motion that the House refuse to consider the action of the government in relation to the South African war as a precedent which should commit the Dominion to any action in the future, the vote standing 119 to 10 against it. Those who voted in the negative were all French Canadians—six Liberals and four Conservatives.

FROM 20 TO 40 PER CENT.

Gain in the Value of Farm Products Over Years of Depression.

NEW YORK, March 14.—"The improvement in agricultural conditions now, contrasting with the depth of depression in 1894-96, is as little appreciated by the outside public as was the farmers' condition during the hard times. It is conservative, however, to say that the product of United States farms for the past year was worth to the farmers over $1,000,000 more than in either of the depressed years noted. This is an average advance of 31 per cent in values compared with the low point."

These statements are made by the American Agriculturist for March 17, which contains an elaborate review of the agricultural situation from a financial and industrial standpoint. The live stock of the country is said to be worth $700,000,000 more than during the hard times, or a gain of 38 per cent. Staple crops are worth $400,000,000 more than then, while other crops show an increase of $200,000,000 in value, or a gain of 25 per cent compared with the depression of 1894-6. The produce of live stock, such as meats, dairy products, mutton, sheep, hides, pelts, colts, mules, etc., is said to show a gain of $370,000,000, or 40 per cent above the low point.

The review continues: "Live stock itself has advanced nearly or quite as much, and now exceeds the high point of the rise that reached its highest in 1889. Even horses are one third higher than four years ago. The total value of cattle on farms is now 41 per cent more than five years ago, while the average value per head has advanced 76 per cent above the low price of 1895. Milch cows are worth 45 per cent more than in 1892, and their total value is 58 per cent greater than in 1896. Sheep are higher than for 20 years, and are worth about double on the farm what they were five years ago, and are fully 20 per cent higher than during the early eighties. The total value of sheep in the country is 140 per cent greater than in 1896. Hogs have occasionally been worth more than now, but are selling at a high range, especially when compared with cheap corn.

"Farm real estate depreciated sharply during the hard times, but has more than recovered in value and is now estimated to be worth $1,220,000 more than in 1889. The total investment in American agriculture is now placed at $17,550,000, a gain of nearly 10 per cent over the comparatively high basis of values of 1889. All these figures look large, but when the errors in the last agricultural census are understood, and when it is remembered that the sales of poultry and eggs in the United States amount to over $300,000,000 a year, the conservative nature of these statistics can be better understood."

"The American Agriculturist states that the number of farms in the United States has increased by some 400,000 during the past 10 years, against a gain of nearly 600,000 in the previous decade, and of 1,500,000 from 1870 to 1880, and affirms that a larger proportion of these farms are occupied by their owners now than then, while the number of farms now under mortgage that are occupied by their owners is no greater than in 1890. As near as this authority can get at it, the amount of mortgages on farms occupied by their owners is now about $300,000,000 less than at the beginning of the decade. Mortgages now average only about 27 per cent of the farms they are on, the rate of interest has declined, and the great bulk of mortgages now in force was incurred to buy the farm or to improve it.

MARCH 13, 1900. ESTABLISHED 1882.

SIDEBOARDS

At Reasonable Prices.

Every sideboard we show is made of beautiful golden oak, all wood being thoroughly seasoned, built by thoroughly first-class workmanship and far superior to much of the cheap work on the market.

We can give an elegant piano-polish sideboard, with beveled French plate, for **$20.** No such sideboard at retail for less than $35.

KAZANJIAN & CO.

Oriental Rugs. China. Furniture.

Second Edition.

WITHIN FORTY MILES.

Colonel Plumer Pushing On to Mafeking.

Railroad, Except a Single Bridge, Intact Close to the Town.

CAPE TOWN, March 14.—Colonel Plumer is now within 40 miles of Mafeking.

LOBATSI, March 8.—Colonel Plumer's force reached here Tuesday. It is believed that only a single bridge has been destroyed and that otherwise the railroad is intact within five miles of Mafeking. Colonel Plumer has already dispersed several police posts in the neighborhood and is actively pushing his advance southward.

RELIEF MUST COME SOON.

Little Town Can Scarcely Hold Out Much Longer.

LONDON, March 14.—A few hours should bring important despatches from Lord Roberts. No word has come from Bloemfontein today, although sharp fighting is believed to have occurred since the commander-in-chief was last heard of. London confidently expects the occupation of the Orange Free State capital will take place today as previously forecasted.

In the meanwhile, attention turns to Mafeking. That hamlet of the plains can scarcely hold out much longer. The news of Colonel Plumer's approach has given substance to the rumors of its relief, but those best informed are inclined to think the relief is more likely to be accomplished by Colonel Peakman's column from Kimberley. Private advices have set forth that Colonel Plumer had almost given up hope of accomplishing anything more than harassing the Boers, though since these were written it is possible that the diminished numbers of the investing forces may have rendered Plumer's task more feasible.

Judging from the lack of news, everything is quiet in Natal, while from Herschell comes the statement that the total collapse of the insurgent colonists is imminent.

General Cronje, according to a Cape Town special, sails for St. Helena March 15, accompanied by all the Paardeberg prisoners.

Cecil Rhodes is suffering from catarrh of the stomach and is unable to sail for England.

Natal despatches recount that the greatest satisfaction is felt there at Lord Salisbury's reply to the Boer presidents' peace overtures.

A despatch from Pietermaritzburg, published in the Times, says: "The reply, especially the last paragraph, relating to independence has been received in Natal with a feeling of great relief and is dispelling all doubts."

A private despatch from Johannesburg has been received in London, dated Saturday, March 10, contradicting the reports that the mines there are flooded and the machinery broken, and assert that all is well.

MAY ABANDON BLOEMFONTEIN.

Proposition to Remove Seat of Government to Kroonstadt.

PRETORIA, March 13.—A despatch from Bloemfontein says that, in view of the military situation, the seat of government may be removed to Kroonstadt.

Commandant Delarey's report of the fight at Abraham's kraal, Saturday, says:

"The British were estimated to number 40,000 men. Their first assault was repulsed. Only two Boers were wounded. The second assault was made on the hills to the left of our position. These hills were of great strategic importance. Appreciating this, I and 300 men defended the position from 9 in the morning until sundown. The burghers fought like heroes and three times repulsed masses of the British, who kept relieving their tired men. Every attempt to storm was defeated. At sundown there were not 50 yards between us. The British lost heavily. No accurate returns of our loss are available."

BOER APPEAL DECLINED.

Washington Expects Another Move for Peace Soon.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The answer of Lord Salisbury to the message from Presidents Kruger and Steyn, which was transmitted through our government, was received at a late hour last night by Secretary Hay, through Mr. White, our charge at London. As already indicated in the London despatches, the answer is a declination of the appeal. It has been transmitted to Adelbert Hay, United States consul at Pretoria, who will submit it to the two presidents. This marks the end of the first overture toward peace. It is believed here, however, that another effort will soon be made by the Boers to allay peace, though recourse may be had to some other agency than the United States.

The President has decided that it is not proper at this time to make public the text of the communications which have passed between Pretoria, London and Washington, relative to the peace negotiations. Therefore the Allen resolution, adopted by the Senate, calling for the correspondence, must remain unanswered for the present, though there is reason to believe the cause for maintaining secrecy on this point will soon disappear. It is stated, however, that the press despatches have indicated the salient features of the correspondence with sufficient accuracy, and about the only omission, so far as can be learned, was the failure to develop the fact that the appeal of the Boer government, that the United States might be allowed to intervene, was accompanied by an earnest expression by the President of his willingness to do anything within his power to bring about the termination of the war, which he hoped might be attained. Lord Salisbury's reply, while firmly declining the request of the Boer government, conveyed his appreciation of the commendable sentiments which inspired the President's utterances.

Inasmuch as there appears to be some confusion in the public mind respecting the various efforts made by the Boers to end the war, it may be stated that this particular correspondence, passing through the State Department, was separate and apart from the note addressed by Presidents Kruger and Steyn to nearly all the continental powers believed to be in sympathy with their cause, and was also distinct from the appeal addressed directly to Lord Salisbury by the two presidents, which with His Lordship's answer, formed the subject of the communication made yesterday by him to Parliament.

THROWS LIGHT ON POLITICS.

United States Offer of Mediation Has No Other Interest to the London Globe.

LONDON, March 14.—Regarding the United States offer of mediation, the Globe says:

"The incident is of interest only in the light it throws on American politics. Republicans and Democrats alike are always prepared to risk the friendship of England in the party game. We may preserve amicable relations with the United States and it is to be hoped we always shall do so, but an alliance is impossible. We were brought to the verge of war eight years ago for the sake of Mr. Cleveland's re-election, and a pretext for a diplomatic quarrel will never be wanting when the anti-English elements of the republic have to be conciliated."

TIMOTHY HARRINGTON PROTESTS.

Lord Mayor of Dublin Moves an Address of Welcome to the Queen.

DUBLIN, March 14.—At a meeting of the corporation, this afternoon, the lord mayor moved that an address be presented to the queen welcoming her to the capital city of her kingdom of Ireland. His speech was frequently interrupted by the occupants of the public gallery. Alderman Meade in the midst of hostile demonstrations from the gallery, seconded the motion. Timothy Harrington, M. P., protested against the resolution.

After repeated scenes and uproar, during which the lord mayor threatened to clear the gallery, an amendment was moved to the proposed address, but the lord mayor ruled the amendment out of order.

A division on the lord mayor's amendment was taken amid much excitement, the occupants of the gallery groaning at every one supporting the motion and cheering its opponents vigorously.

The resolution was carried by a majority of eight.

DR. JAMESON BETTER.

Has Been Critically Ill at Ladysmith But Likely to Recover.

LONDON, March 14.—A private despatch received here says that Dr. Jameson, who was critically ill at Ladysmith, is better and likely to recover. Dr. Jameson was anxious to have a military command in the campaign, but as the leader of the raid he was excluded from the service for political reasons, and was not welcomed when he arrived at Ladysmith a few days before the investment of the town. His opportunity came. When the garrison was fever-stricken he reverted to medical practice, and did 10 men's work in caring for the fever-patients and the wounded soldiers.

War Loan Passes Its Third Reading.

LONDON, March 14.—In the House of Commons today the war loan passed its third reading.

CRISPI SERIOUSLY ILL.

Condition of Former Premier of Italy Causes Anxiety.

ROME, March 14.—Former Premier Crispi is seriously ill with influenza, complicated with bronchitis, and is unable to retain food. A recent operation which he underwent for the removal of a cataract proves to have been a failure and his condition is causing anxiety.

LAW OF THE LAND.

President Affixes His Signature to the Financial Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—At 14 minutes before 1 o'clock this afternoon the President affixed his signature to the financial bill, thus making it a law of the land. Mr. Overstreet of Indiana, who had the bill in charge, arrived at the White House about five minutes before that time and was shown into the cabinet room, where he was joined by the President, who after inquiring if the bill had been compared with care affixed his signature to it.

At the same time, he recalled to those who stood by the fact that many of the important financial bills which had been passed by Congress had been approved on the fourteenth of the month. He spoke of the Sherman act, the resumption act, and now the bill which was before him.

In signing the bill the President used a new gold pen and holder which Mr. Overstreet had brought with him for the purpose.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, March 13, Victoria, from Naples.

Gibraltar, March 13, Kaiser Wilhelm II, from New York.

Antwerp, March 13, Friesland, from New York.

Boston, March 14, Irishman, from Liverpool.

Southampton, March 14, Saale, from New York for Bremen (and proceeded).

Genoa, March 14, Ems, from New York, via Naples.

Some Summer Styles.

Your choice while they are fresh.

Commerford, Tailor,
218 Thames Street.

SMOKE
"Postoffice Square"
—AND—
"NUMBER 83"
5c. Cigars,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
—OF—
J. D. Richardson & Co.,
306 Thames St., Opp. Postoffice.

A CARD.

THANKING MY MANY PATRONS OF '99 I WISH TO ANNOUNCE THAT THE SAMPLES FOR 1900 EAGLE BICYCLES HAVE ARRIVED AND ARE ALREADY SELLING AT SIGHT. I INVITE CRITICISM.

B. J. FOY.

TELEPHONE 336-4.

REOPENING

Friday, March 16,
7 P. M.

Music,
Flowers,
Souvenirs.

Come and renew your acquaintance. If you are not acquainted, call and get acquainted. We assure you a hearty welcome and will be pleased to meet our old friends and patrons.

OPEN FOR BUSINESS SATURDAY MORNING at 9.

MODEL CLOTHING CO.

192 & 194 Thames Street.

AN EMPLOYE OF THE CITY.

Detective Richards Dropped as Agent of the Cruelty to Animals Society.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, March 14.—The executive committee of the Rhode Island Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, at its regular meeting today, discussed the condition of its affairs in Newport and decided to drop Benjamin H. Richards as the agent of the society in that city, the ground given being that he is an employe of the city. It was voted for the future to employ such agents and at such times as may be necessary.

SIX STILL MISSING.

Renewal of Search for Victims of the Newark Fire.

NEWARK, N. J., March 14.—The fact that two more bodies were recovered yesterday from the ruins of the Italian tenement which was destroyed by fire Monday morning, bringing the total number of victims so far up to 10, has caused a renewal of the search for the bodies of other victims. It is stated by the Italians who escaped that six persons are still missing.

The search for bodies was completed this morning without any more bodies being found.

Vito Cretonzo, the suspect, was arraigned before Judge Schalk today and was remanded until Friday next.

POWELL'S
Cough Syrup.
Excellent for Coughs and Colds.
PREPARED BY
FRANK L. POWELL,
COR. THAMES AND PELHAM STS.

BOYS' CLOTHES HERE

Have a distinctive style about them—not because their garments are expensive, but because in fabric, cut and make-up they are specially adapted by boys' tailors for boys' wear.

If boys' clothing is quoted lower than it can be bought for here, it is either because it is not good material or is not well made. One or the other reason sure; probably both.

Newport One-Price Clothing Co.

208 Thames St. 208

G. E. Vernon & Co.,

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
Modern and Antique
FURNITURE
—AND—
Upholstery Goods.

Plans and estimates for Furnishing and Decorating Interiors complete submitted upon application.

91 John St.
NEWPORT.

A Stirring Sale

—OF—

PETTICOATS

—AT—

The BEE HIVE.

Here is an opportunity the like of which has never been offered before. $1.25 Petticoats, yes, they are $1.25 Petticoats, nothing can change that, not even the fact that we will sell them at 98c.

That's the price here, Only 98c.

In black, red, cerise and helio shades. See them displayed in our window and buy them quick as they will not last long.

Other high grade Mercerized Silk Petticoats, in all colors, made in the latest styles, with ruffles and fluting, at $1.98, $2.75 and $2.98.

A Full Line of Jersey Corset Covers

In high neck, long and short sleeves, high and square neck and sleeveless, just received.

The E (easy) Z Waists

For Boys and Girls; they yield to every motion; are ventilating and healthful, in all sizes and in two qualities, at 15c. and 25c.

10 dozen Wrappers

(Not calico) but made of the best quality Sea Island Percale, with shoulder ruffle and flounce, skirt 4 yards wide, in medium colors and all pretty designs, actual value $1.49, at only 98c.

There are just 10 dozen in sizes 32 to 44 and there are no more.

FURNITURE COUPONS GIVEN WITH CASH PURCHASES WHEN ASKED FOR.

This Morning's News.

"ONLY CONCEIVABLE REPLY."

Comment of the London Times on the Government's Answer.

LONDON, March 13.—Commenting upon the reply of Lord Salisbury to the message from the Boer presidents, the Times says:

"The government has given the only conceivable reply to the extraordinary Kruger-Steyn telegram, a reply which will be hailed with profound satisfaction throughout the empire.

"We are sincerely glad to see the attitude that the United States has assumed in transmitting the proposals. Washington's services, of course, have been declined, but declined, we need hardly say, in the same cordial and friendly spirit in which they were offered.

"The news that General French commands Bloemfontein is an instructive comment on the preposterous character of the Boer pretensions."

The Standard says: "It is hard to treat with any seriousness an appeal which ignores the palpable realities of the situation. So far as it is meant for diplomatic use abroad, the appeal is a sheer waste of labor. Knowing our views, the diplomatists of both hemispheres will respect them."

The Daily News says: "Lord Salisbury puts his decision on the right ground. No other answer could be expected. The duty of the Liberal party will be to use its influence in the direction of tempering the future British sovereignty with the largest measure of local autonomy consistent with the securities for inter-state peace and equal laws and liberties."

The Daily Chronicle says: "The worst enemies of the Boers could not have anticipated the full extent and audacity of their demands. President McKinley has been forced by the exigencies of his position to approach Lord Salisbury with a harmless intimation of his readiness to exercise his good offices. When he reads the correspondence, he will feel thankful that he has not compromised himself with a cause that is now resolved into the arrogant obstinacy of Kruger."

Rumors were again current in the lobbies of the House of Commons this evening that Mafeking had been relieved, but they still lack confirmation.

In the House of Commons today the war loan bill passed its second reading by a vote of 268 to 21.

A despatch from Aliwal North, Cape Colony, says: The forces of General Brabant arrived here Sunday, but the Boers had retired the previous night and taken up a position four miles beyond the Orange river, where General Brabant attacked and drove them back, securing a position after a sharp engagement.

PASSED IN CONCURRENCE.

Conference Report on the Gold Standard Bill Adopted by the House.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The gold standard bill to define and fix the standard of value, to maintain the parity of all forms of money issued or coined by the United States, and to refund the public debt, will become a law by the signature of President McKinley tomorrow. The last act in the long fight for its enactment by Congress took place at 5 o'clock this afternoon, when the roll-call was completed upon the acceptance of the conference report by the House, and the enrolled bill was signed by Speaker Henderson for delivery to the President.

The cause of sound money has proved stronger with each successive roll-call taken during the present Congress. The bill passed the House December 18 by a vote of 190 to 150. The vote on the passage of the Senate bill was 46 to 29, but this majority of 17 was raised to 18 upon the acceptance of the conference report, and in the House today the sound money majority of 40 given three months ago was swelled to 46.

The gold standard Democrats from New York Pennsylvania and Massachusetts who voted with the Republicans in December stood by their colors today, in spite of their strong dislike for the bimetallic amendment which had been fastened to the bill in conference committee. Among the Democrats thus voting were Messrs. Clayton of New York, Denny of Maryland, Driggs of New York, Fitzgerald of New York, Levy of New York, McAleer of Pennsylvania, Ruppert of New York, Scudder of New York, Thayer of Massachusetts, Underhill of New York and Wilson of New York.

The Republican strength in the House had been increased by unseating two Democratic members, and the new members, although one was a Populist, voted on the side of sound money.

When Speaker Henderson announced the vote there were 166 votes in favor of accepting the conference report, and only 120 in opposition.

Mr. Overstreet of Indiana, who had charge of the bill from the beginning, and who opened the debate today, made the usual motion to reconsider the vote and that his motion lie on the table, in order to prevent delay during the next 24 hours. His motion prevailed.

The bill had been enrolled upon parchment in anticipation of its passage, and the moment Mr. Overstreet's motion had been acted upon, Speaker Henderson announced: "The chair submits the following enrolled bill." The clerk read the title of the measure intended to plant the country upon the gold standard. There was a loud burst of applause from the sound-money members on both sides of the House, and the bill was taken in charge by Mr. Overstreet, to secure the signatures of the president of the Senate and President McKinley.

The Senate had adjourned early, so that Mr. Overstreet was obliged to wait until the meeting tomorrow in order to secure the formal signature of Senator Frye.

CANNOT AGREE.

Senate Republicans Still Differ on the Porto Rico Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The Senate Republicans, after a long wrangle in a caucus that lasted over two hours and a half, this afternoon, failed to agree on a Porto Rican compromise bill, and adjourned the caucus until 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, when the managers hope to bring about an agreement substantially on the proposition which they adopted last evening.

They were disappointed that it was not adopted by the caucus this afternoon, but while a majority of the caucus favored it, a minority, made up of several different elements, opposed different features of it so vigorously that they would not be brought into an agreement even by eloquent appeals made by the managers in the name of party harmony.

Almost all the Republican Senators sincerely desired to reach an agreement, even though it should be no more generally satisfactory than compromises usually are, that would bring about a settlement of the matter through the prompt passage of a bill that would cover the necessary requirements and be certain to pass the Senate and the House. They wanted to do it also without publicly exposing their differences on the floor of the Senate, as the Republican Representatives did on the floor of the House, to the detriment of the Republican party and almost to the defeat of the Porto Rican legislation.

Davis and Nelson of Minnesota, McCumber of North Dakota, Beveridge of Indiana and other Western Senators, opposed the compromise, because it did not provide for free trade in Porto Rico, while Senators Hoar, Wellington, Mason and others opposed it because of their views of the constitutional right and privileges of the people of Porto Rico.

No question since the beginning of the war with Spain has divided the Republicans like this, and they realize that they are in a perilous situation because of it. The question would be very quickly and easily disposed of if Porto Rico only was involved in it, but everything that is said and done is in the view that beyond Porto Rico lie Cuba and the Philippines, and that whatever is done now will be of great importance later on, whichever way the Supreme Court may pass upon the constitutional question, which it is part of the Republican purpose to bring before it as soon as possible in the Porto Rican case.

SHELDON'S SHEET STALE.

Merely a Religious Weekly Paper Printed Daily.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 13.—The second day's edition of Rev. Charles M. Sheldon's "Christian daily" newspaper will have on its first page an article on "The Progress of Socialism in Massachusetts," written somewhat in the essay style.

The second feature will be "Church Insurance," in which a plan of the congregation of Mr. Sheldon looking to mutual aid societies between church members of all denominations is exploited. The article urges readers of the Capital to form insurance lodges or societies in the various congregations which will extend the good work of the various beneficiary societies.

The third feature is written by Governor Stanley of Kansas, upon "The Most Gratifying Incident of My Administration." The article describes the progress of the state resulting from reform in the penitentiaries and jails, approves the work done, and advises the broadening and perfecting of the methods already in successful operation.

The fourth feature is "New Zealand, the World's Political Experiment Station." It is made up of the advance sheets of a book by H. D. Lloyd of Chicago, and explains the attempts to work out the idea of municipal control and government ownership that are being made in New Zealand.

The fifth feature is an official record of crime in the state of Kansas, compiled and written by R. H. Gail, a stenographer in the state house. It seeks to show the cost to the state taxpayers of punishing criminals, and that the prevention of crime would have better results, and be more in accord with the spirit and teachings of Jesus Christ.

At a late hour Mr. Sheldon was much perplexed as to whether he should give up the first column to "The Progress of Socialism in Massachusetts," or give that position on the front page to the report of the millers' convention, for the reason that the flour makers adopted a resolution condemning the railroads upon the charge of unjust discrimination in freight rates and calling upon the carrying corporations to mend their tariffs.

The same prayer that was printed at the top of the front page yesterday will be repeated in the same place in every issue of the paper while the preacher is in control.

There will be nothing sensational in the paper of tomorrow morning, but in the centre of the front page there will be a picture taken from the Ram's Horn and called "The Horrors of war." Beneath this will be printed in full General Otis's list of American casualties in the Philippines.

Nearly everybody here was willing to admit today that the Sheldon edition of the Capital, printed last night, was a disappointment. Nobody seemed to know just what caused the disappointment, nor would any one point out the particularly thrilling feature which was looked for in vain. The average layman said it was too dry.

Many of the professional men of Topeka could find no greater objection to it than that its leading articles were all stale or had at least the flavor of age and smelt of the lamp. Others said they did not like the Sheldon idea of adding an editorial comment to every bit of news.

The paper has proved to be merely a religious weekly paper printed daily.

The leading editorial is called "How to Make Topeka a Better City," and deals with the opportunities for vice here, and the manner in which they may be decreased. It is neither vindictive nor harsh in tone, but is full of optimism. The second editorial is devoted to "Whiskey Advertisements in American Magazines," and expresses in mild but positive terms the belief of Mr. Sheldon that in aiding in the distribution or sale of whiskey the magazines are doing an evil work, and one that has no justification in the fact that these advertisements are a source of profit.

Professor Parsons of Boston University contributes an editorial study of trusts, dealing with the subject in a purely secular manner.

P. E. Stevens of the state temperance union contributes a two-column article in which Topeka and Leavenworth are compared for the purpose of proving that prohibition is a great advantage, and has done incalculable good in the capital city of Kansas.

The editorial page also bears an illustration designed to express the preacher-editor's opposition to the trusts.

Mr. Sheldon was in his office at 8 o'clock this morning, in spite of the fact that he remained there last night till the first edition was printed at 3:30 o'clock in the morning. The early part of the day was spent in passing upon small advertisements and discussing the first issue under his control.

He refused to admit advertisements which exploited $10 for $3, $4 Bibles which can be had for 88 cents, and book notices which he refused to print because he had not read the books, and could not say whether they would make good food for Christian minds.

He continued to cut out and throw away most of the telegraph news, selecting that which offered opportunities for short editorial comment at the end.

It is now supposed that the owners of the Capital will give to whatever benevolent purpose Mr. Sheldon may select $10,000 of the profits of this week's issue of the paper.

PEACE IN KENTUCKY.

Taylor to Stick Till Court of Appeals Decision.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 13.—The state legislature adjourned today, and a peaceful plan has been adopted by both contestants. A conference between Adjutant Generals Collier and Castelman resulted in a perfect understanding. Taylor will continue to act as governor, and Beckham will make no attempt to obtain possession of the state buildings until after the court of appeals has decided the dispute. In the meantime, the latter will be able to make up the $100,000 appropriated for re-organizing the state militia.

It is understood no further arrests will be made. Among the more conservative element in each party the opinion prevails that the worst is over. Republicans in Taylor's confidence, however, say he will remain at Frankfort as governor until the court of last resort passes upon the contest.

The bill providing $100,000 to enable Governor Beckham to "re-organize the militia and recover munitions of war" passed the house, amid wild cheers, by a vote of 53 to 13, most of the Republicans refusing to vote. A bill appropriating $5,000 for the Covington library, the only bill introduced by Senator Goebel, also passed with a hurrah, both parties supporting it. Senator Carver, president of the senate, announced that he would certify to the absence from most of the sessions since January 30 of four anti-Goebel senators, thus preventing them from drawing their per diem.

MORGANATIC MARRIAGES.

The laws governing morganatic marriages differ but little in the few European countries in which such unions are allowed. In general it may be said that a morganatic marriage is contracted with the stipulation that neither the woman married nor her issue, if any, shall claim the husband's rank or property. If the man marries a woman of his own rank while his morganatic wife is living, both women are legally his wives and the children of both are legitimate. The real distinction between the two wires and their issue lies in the fact that one of the families can inherit both title and property from the father and the other cannot.—[Boston Transcript.

New Spring Styles!



Come and See Them.

$8.98 to $37.50

OUTING SUITS.

New styles of refreshing originality, in Eton, reefer and tight-fitting effects; blacks and colors.

DON'T BE SLOW—everybody will have an Outing Suit this spring.

Take a FREE RIDE (we pay car fare to purchasers of $5 and up), and see the largest stock of up to date

OUTING SUITS.

Never before has there been such beautiful creations as this season's

SILK WAISTS.

We are showing them $3.49 to $16.50.

DRESS SKIRTS.

Lovely styles, made with the new box plait back, silk applique and accordion plait trimming, $2.98 to $27.50.

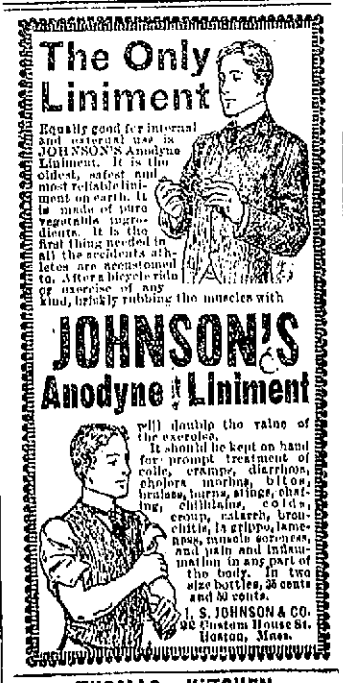
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Coupes and Victorias

To let with careful drivers.

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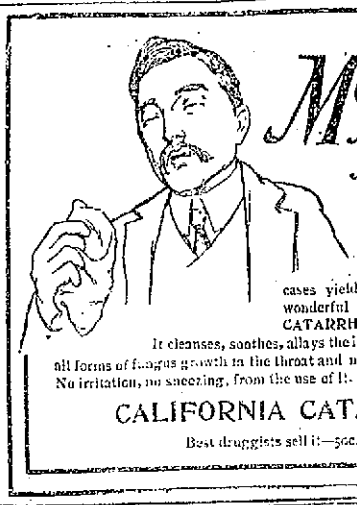
STOPS THE COUGH AND WORKS OFF THE COLD.

LAXATIVE Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25c.

Have You Decided

To fit up your old wheel or trade for a new one? We can help you in either case. Call and get prices and see the new models at

G. G. & A. H. POPPLE'S, 134 Bellevue Avenue.



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Headache, Vertigo, Confusion, — morning, noon and night. Hawking, spitting, snuffling — that's Catarrh! Suffer no more The California Catarrh Cure absolutely cures all kinds of Catarrh. The most obstinate cases yield quickly and surely to Nature's wonderful herb remedy THE CALIFORNIA CATARRH CURE.

It cleanses, soothes, allays the inflamation and effectually destroys all forms of fungus growth in the throat and nasal passages. Safe, simple, sure. No irritation, no sneezing, from the use of it.

CALIFORNIA CATARRH CURE.

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Full lines in all colors and sizes now in stock.

The most popular corsets ever put on the market.

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Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.,

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Will make a saving for you when paying cash for your purchases. Ask for them. When you fill your book it is worth five dollars at any of our banks. Cash Stamp Co., Butler Exchange, Providence.



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Because his watch deceived him. Every watch, no matter how fine, needs a general overhauling once in awhile, to keep it in good running order. We make a specialty of repairing fine watches and jewelry, the re-setting of precious stones, which we do in the best style of the watchmakers' and jewelers' art at

Wm. O. Glazier's, 96 SPRING ST.

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ELECTRIC LIGHT and BELL REPAIRS.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Natural and Artificial Ice.

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Gentlemen's places taken care of by the day, month or year. Hedges and shrubs furnished at the lowest prices. Grading and laying out of new grounds a specialty.

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FOR SALE.

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J. D. RICHARDSON, Agent, 206 Thames street. Orders may also be left at Peckham & Manchester's, 63 Broadway. Telephone Connection.

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Are coming in now in "monop" shapes in Derbys, Alpines and Crush Hats. We make a specialty of the well-known Lamson & Hubbard hat, one that equals any hat made in appearance and wear, no matter what price. All the leading shapes.

NEIL McLENNAN,

268 Thames St., U. S. Hotel Building.

Covert Overcoatings,

Plain, herringbone and diamond check finish, suitable for early spring.

EDWARD OTTO

244 Thames St.

Speaking of Dress,

Would not a Nice Suit, Top Coat, pair of Trousers, or a Fancy Vest be just the thing?

Come in and let me show you a complete line of the above goods.

J. K. McLENNAN, 196 Thames St.

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Our Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites

IS THE SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD FOR MAKING PURE BLOOD, STRONG NERVES AND A HEALTHY STOMACH. IT HAS BEEN IN USE LONG ENOUGH TO PROVE ITS MERITS. IT WILL IMPROVE THE APPETITE AND GIVE TONE TO THE ENTIRE SYSTEM—THERE IS NO EXCUSE FOR PALE, HALF-SICK, TIRED OUT MEN AND WOMEN. TAKE THIS GOOD TONIC AND SEE HOW LIKE A CHARM IT ACTS.

The Hub Pharmacy,

E.S. Blumenkranz, Dispensing Pharmacist,

176 Thames St., Cor. Mary.

TELEPHONE 249-4.

L. N. VAUCHAN,

Refracting and Dispensing Optician,

88 BROADWAY, NEWPORT.

Seed Potatoes and Fertilizer.

My celebrated Chittenden's Potato Fertilizer has arrived.

My first car of Maine Seed Potatoes consisting of Early Rose, Early Northern, Queens, White Rose, Beauty of Hebrons and Early Fortune will arrive about the 12th of this month. Please call in and look at my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Do not forget that I have all kinds of strictly fresh and reliable vegetable and garden seeds.

My Sweet Peas consist of thirty different varieties.

80 Broadway. H. L. DEBLOIS.

COAL AND WOOD.



Food for Thought.

Why does the PITTSTON, supplied by our company, always burn clear and free, give more heat, burn longer, and need replenishing less often than other coals you can buy?

We won't charge you anything for telling you that it is because it is a high-grade coal, carefully selected and well screened. We don't ask any more for it than you will pay for inferior grades.

FOR SALE BY

The Gardiner B. Reynolds Co.

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.



Don't neglect your coal bin because the winter seems over. These are chilly days and the season of sneezes and snuffles. Our COAL is of best quality, clean and dry. Try it.

PINNIGER & MANCHESTER,

811 Thames Street. Perry Mill Wharf.

DRUGGISTS.

Try Downing's Special Compound

For that Cough and Hack.

This preparation will positively cure coughs, colds, influenza, and all affections of the throat and lungs.

PREPARED ONLY BY

DOWNING BROTHERS.

PHARMACISTS,

42 & 44 BROADWAY.

Homeopathic Remedies

A full line of Boericki & Tafel's Humphrey's, Munyon's and Bronco Remedies. Also Humphrey's Veterinary Remedies always in stock.

GEO. A. WOOD, Druggist,

106 Broadway, Newport, R. I.

Wright's Tolu, Tar and Wild Cherry.

A sure and speedy cure for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and all diseases of throat and lungs.

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Try our 20c. Chocolates, Buttercups and Molasses Candy,

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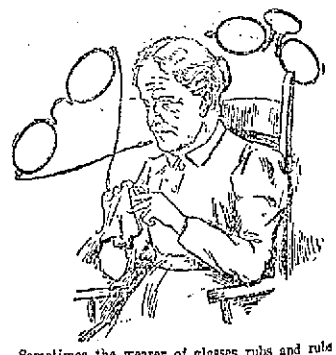
For colds there is nothing better than our Molasses Pep permints, made from pure molasses.

Ice Cream, Ices and Fresh Cakes always on hand.

C. F. Frasch,

170 THAMES STREET.

What Ails the Glasses.



Sometimes the wearer of glasses rubs and rubs to polish them in order to remove that blurry sensation. That blur does not come from the glass but does come because the glasses are not the ones fitted to the eye. To avoid further trouble you should change them. Get those that fit. I provide perfect-fitting glasses for imperfect eyes.

L. N. VAUCHAN,

Refracting and Dispensing Optician,

88 BROADWAY, NEWPORT.

Notice!

All persons are hereby warned against taking any seaweed, sand or gravel from that portion of Sachuest Beach bordering the property known as the Sachuest Neck Farm, without the consent of the lessee.

HERMAN F. PECKHAM, BARCLAY HAZARD.

Newport, Feb. 15, 1900.

MAKING A PRESIDENT.

Methods of Nomination Have Not Always Been the Same.

Already the Socialist Labor party has a Presidential ticket in the field, and the two great parties and the Populists have fixed the times and places for holding their national conventions. The placing in nomination of candidates for President and Vice President of the United States by a national body composed of representatives of the people affiliating with a political party is by no means a new institution, yet for quite a considerable period of this country's existence candidates for the high office were brought out in an entirely different manner.

The first overt nominating convention held in the United States for the choice of a President was in 1824, when the legislature of Tennessee, of which state Andrew Jackson, one of the defeated candidates, was a resident, put him in nomination for the ensuing Presidential race, irrespective of any Congressional caucus or cabal. Originally, until the constitution was amended, the President and Vice President were voted for on the same ballot, the candidate receiving the highest vote being chosen President, and the candidate receiving the next highest vote being chosen Vice President.

When the constitution was amended in 1804 the electors voted for President and Vice President separately, and it was not until 1828 that Presidential electors in all the states, with the single exception of South Carolina, were chosen by popular votes in their respective states. From the beginning and for many years there were no national nominating conventions, and prior to 1800 it was the custom for the legislatures of the several states to choose the requisite number of electors, who voted for such candidates as they favored, the nominee receiving the highest number of votes becoming President and the man receiving the next highest becoming Vice President.

The legislatures of the several states have, under the constitution, the same right to choose Presidential electors, without reference to the vote of the citizens, if such a method of election is lawfully prescribed by the legislature, and as late as 1876 Colorado legislators chose the three electors to represent that state, without any popular vote, in the electoral college, and it was the three votes of Colorado which turned the scale from one party to another in that year.

In 1800 there was established what is known as the Presidential caucus, a gathering of the members of Congress of the two great parties for the designation of a satisfactory and eligible candidate for the Presidency by each party. This plan of selecting the candidate by Congressional caucus continued in force until 1824, when the complications and uncertainties arising from such a primitive and unsatisfactory method culminated in a failure of the electoral college to make a choice among four candidates and the matter was thrown into the House of Representatives.

The first convention held in Tennessee in 1824, referred to in the beginning, can hardly be said to have been national in its character, as it was limited to the official representatives of one state, and the opponents of Andrew Jackson, who supported John Quincy Adams of Massachusetts, held no such convention, but agreed upon their candidate in the old way.

In the city of Baltimore, in September, 1831, more than one year before the ensuing Presidential election, a veritable national convention was held by what was then known as the anti-Masonic party, and there were delegates in attendance from each state of the Union as then constituted, but not chosen on the basis of its electoral strength as is the case now. A President and Vice President were nominated and a platform of principles adopted particularly directed against the evils then said to be incident to the existence of secret societies.

In May, 1832, six months in advance of the Presidential election of that year, the first national Democratic convention was held in Baltimore, and it was at this convention that the two thirds rule, making the nomination of a candidate of the Democratic party for the Presidency dependent upon the support of two thirds of the delegates, was adopted, and it has been the rule of the Democratic party ever since. There were 313 delegates present at this convention, and the only disputed contest was over the Vice Presidency.

The necessity of some uniformity of action, as viewed at this distance from the date of the convention, seems to be clear, for there were 20 aspirants in the field for the Presidency in that year, four only having what now would be called "regular nominations." The opponents of General William Henry Harrison, the Democratic nominee, held their convention in Washington and put up Henry Clay. Seventeen states were represented at that convention, though there were 24 states in the Union at that time.

Following the election of 1832, the system of nominating conventions came to be an established one by both political parties. The Democrats in 1836 assembled in Baltimore and the Whigs in Harrisburg. In 1840 the Democrats again met in Baltimore, the Whigs for a second time in Harrisburg, and the Abolitionists held their first convention in Warsaw, N. Y.

The popularity of Baltimore as a meeting place for Democrats caused it to be known among politicians of a generation ago as the "convention city," but in later years it was neglected by both parties, the Democrats especially regarding it as ominous to the chances of a candidate. The overt break between the northern and southern wings of the Democratic party occurred at the Baltimore convention of June, 1860, and culminated in two rival Presidential tickets, the Douglas ticket nominated in Baltimore, and the Breckinridge ticket, nominated in Charleston.

Twelve years later, in 1872, the Democrats held their national convention in Baltimore and ratified the choice of Horace Greeley for the Presidency, a selection which proved a disastrous one to the party later on. In 1844 both the Democratic and Whig conventions were held in Baltimore. In 1848 the Democrats met in Baltimore, and the Whigs in Philadelphia. In 1852 both the Democratic and Whig conventions were held in Baltimore. In 1856 the Democrats met in Cincinnati, the Republicans in Philadelphia—their first national convention—and the Whigs (their last national convention) in Baltimore. The native-American or know-nothing party held a convention in Philadelphia in February and nominated a ticket.

In 1860 the first change toward the West as the disputed battle-ground between the two parties was made, and the Republicans held their convention in May that year in Chicago. Here Abraham Lincoln was nominated and the long list of Republican Presidents began. From then until and with the exception of the present year Chicago has been in demand by one or both of the great parties for convention purposes. In 1864 the Democrats held their national convention in Chicago and the Republicans met in Baltimore. In 1868 the Republicans held their convention in Chicago and the Democrats held theirs in New York city. In 1872 the Republican national convention was held in Philadelphia and the Democratic national convention in Baltimore.

The Republican convention of 1876, which nominated Rutherford B. Hayes after a spirited contest in which it was generally believed James G. Blaine would be successful, was held in Cincinnati. The Democrats in this year first recognized the claims of St. Louis, holding their national convention in that city, where Samuel J. Tilden was nominated for the Presidency. In 1880 the Republicans held their national convention in Chicago and the Democrats held their convention in Cincinnati. In 1884 the popularity of Chicago bade fair to eclipse the former distinction as a convention city of Baltimore. Both political parties held their nominating conventions in Chicago in that year, the Republicans June 3 and the Democrats July 8, four days later than the date set by the Democratic national committee at its meeting in Washington recently.

It was in Chicago that Grover Cleveland was first nominated for the Presidency, and in Chicago, too, that Mr. Blaine received the only Presidential nomination accorded him by his party, though Mr. Blaine was voted for as a candidate in the conventions of 1876, 1880, 1884, 1888 and 1892. The Democrats held their national convention of 1888 in St. Louis, anticipating by two weeks, and contrary to the usual custom of the Democrats, the meeting of the Republicans. The Republican national convention of 1888 was held in Chicago, and it was there that Mr. Harrison received his first nomination for the Presidency.

The Democratic national convention of 1892 was held in Chicago, while the Republicans met in Minneapolis. The opposing candidates for President were the same as in the campaign of 1888, but things were transversed, Mr. Cleveland defeating Mr. Harrison. Four years ago President McKinley was nominated by the Republicans in St. Louis, while the Democratic gathering which made William Jennings Bryan a Presidential candidate was held in Chicago.

This year the Republicans, after an elapse of 28 years, will hold their convention in Philadelphia, while for the first time in the history of the country the Democratic candidate will be nominated in Kansas City, the thriving and prosperous Western metropolis.—[Washington Star.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ¼ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15c. and 25c. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

NAVAL NOTES.

Rear Admiral Lewis Kempff, the present commander of the Mare Island navy yard, is to be relieved of that command and is expected to take the place of second in command on the Asiatic station under Rear Admiral Remey, to which place Rear Admiral McCormick was ordered originally.

Incident upon the retirement of Rear Admiral McCormick an order has been issued to Captain Cotton, commanding receiving ship Independence, at the Mare Island navy yard, detaching him from that place and ordering him home pending his promotion to the grade of rear admiral. Captain W. H. Whiting, at present on waiting orders, has been assigned command of the Independence, succeeding Captain Cotton.

Captain Merrell Miller has been assigned to duty as captain of the Mare Island navy yard, relieving Captain William W. Meade.

Lieutenant A. N. Wood is detached from the Independence and ordered to the branch hydrographic office at Portland, Ore.

Lieutenant Colonel W. S. Muse is commissioned a colonel in the marine corps.

Lieutenant Commander H. H. Hosley is detached from the Vermont March 31, and ordered to the Buffalo April 2 as executive; Lieutenant H. O. Dunn is detached from the branch hydrographic office at Baltimore March 31, and ordered to duty on the Buffalo as navigator; Lieutenant C. S. Eaton is detached from inspection duty at South Bethlehem, Penn.; Lieutenant A. C. Dieffenbach, from inspection duty at Brooklyn, and Lieutenant W. V. Powellson, from inspection duty at Schenectady, N. Y., and all are ordered to duty on the Buffalo April 2.

Assistant Surgeon T. M. Lippitt is detached from the Baltimore and ordered to such other duty on the Asiatic station as the commander-in-chief may assign.

Ensign W. T. Cluverius is detached from the Solace and ordered to duty at the Naval Academy.

Lieutenant Commander J. B. Briggs will proceed home and wait orders.

Raymond Spear of Spokane is appointed assistant paymaster.

The following have been appointed second lieutenants in the marine corps: Yeadell Foote, C. T. Westcott, Jr., Douglass C. McDougal, Presley Rixlay, Sidney W. Brewster, Paul E. Chamberlain, Albert N. Brunzell and Edward T. Backstrom.

Captain Bowman M. McCalla, by being restored to his original place in the list of naval officers, is advanced over Captains William M. Folger, Francis W. Dickins, George F. F. Wilde and Charles H. Davis of the line division, and Captain Cipriano Andrade, John Lowe and Lewis W. Robinson of the engineer division.

Assistant Secretary Allen has determined to enjoin strict economy upon all commandants of navy yards at which repairs to vessels are made. He has communicated with Rear Admiral Philip, at the Brooklyn yard, in regard to battleship Massachusetts. The board of survey of the Massachusetts recommended repairs costing about $30,000. Since then further recommendations added $14,000. Mr. Allen has called the attention of Admiral Philip to these facts, and has referred him to the naval regulations, Sec. 2, which requires of the captain an explanation why a report of supplementary repairs was delayed. Mr. Allen has further suggested to Admiral Philip that the repairs to the Indiana and Massachusetts be completed as soon as possible so that the ships can be laid up in ordinary at the League Island yard.

COLONEL ASTOR TO RUN AN ELECTRIC STAGE.

It was learned in Poughkeepsie yesterday that Colonel John Jacob Astor since his return from Europe has ordered an electric vehicle of the carryall size, which he will introduce in passenger service between Rhinecliff station, on the Hudson River railroad, and Rhinebeck village, where Colonel Astor's summer home, "Ferncliff," is situated.

The electric vehicle, which will be introduced as a palatial surprise to Rhinebeck folk, has been ordered from a New York company in which Colonel Astor is interested. Colonel Astor's purpose in starting this novel enterprise is said to be twofold—to make it easier to get to Rhinebeck, and to try the electric vehicle.

The distance is two miles, over a fine piece of roadway. Five years ago a survey for an electric railway was made from Rhinecliff to Rhinebeck and the franchise was granted. In spite of the anxiety of the residents, however, to have the electric road built, the old stage lines are still in existence, with no sign of the trolley being introduced. It is expected that Colonel Astor's carryall will be ready for service early in the spring.

BEST TIME TO BE A BOY.

"Backward, turn backward, oh, Time, in thy flight,
Make me a boy again, just for tonight."
It's "Oh, to be a boy again," when business is hail;
It's "Oh, to be a boy again," when one is worn and sad;
It's "Oh, to be a boy again," when calumny attacks;
It's "Oh, to be a boy again," when indigestion racks;
It's "Oh, to be a boy again," when love is growing cold;
It's "Oh, to be a boy again," when married woes are told;
It's "Oh, to be a boy again," when social pleasures pall,
And "Oh, to be a boy again," when boring neighbors call.

But when the bed is soft and warm, and winds without are chill,
And some one shouts aloud, "Get up!" and thumps you with a will,
Reminding you of work ahead—a day of plan and scheme—
So late that thoughts of breakfast are an evanescent dream,
And walks are slippy-sloppy and the rain is coming down,
And there's an air of gloom and sadness over all the town,
And then the bells ring out "No school" with noisy clang—ah, then
It's "Oh, and oh, and oh, and oh, to be a boy again!"

—[Worcester Gazette.

FANCIES.

When you succeed, of course it must
Be due to brains and pluck;
When others do it, it is just
Another case of luck.

—[Washington Star.

Policeman—If I did me duty I'd run you in.

Protesting citizen—Oh, don't go out of your way on my account.—[Philadelphia North American.

Visitor—When you are grown up, will you be a doctor, like your father?

Bobby—Mercy, no! Why, I couldn't even kill a rabbit!—[Brooklyn Life.

"He's an active business man, isn't he? Never loses a bit of time."

"That's right. He even writes a running hand."—[Philadelphia Bulletin.

"Johnnie, how would you divide thirteen apples equally among fourteen boys?"

"Make 'em into apple sauce, sir!"—[Life.

Closeman—After all, I much prefer a pipe to a cigar.

Franklin—You mean that you enjoy saving money more than you do smoking tobacco.—[Boston Transcript.

Colonel Diehard—Wasn't there some talk of one of those girls marrying a duke?

Mrs. Diehard—Oh, yes, but you see the duke didn't say anything about it.—[King.

In a foreign bastille. "So No. 506 has been trying to break out, has he? Put him on bread and water every alternate day for a week."

"But, he is on bread and water every day already, my commandant."

"Then read to him for an hour every morning from a cookery book."—[Brooklyn Transcript.

Mrs. Newly Wed (to cook, whom she has just engaged at registry office)—You see, my husband is so very particular about his food.

Cook (sympathetically)—They're all alike, mem. My old man was just the same. I never cooked nothink to please 'im in my life.—[Punch.

Golf English as she is spoke. Mamie (playing with her English cousin) makes a bad foozle. "Oh, isn't that real horrid?"

"There," says Gwendolin, "I won't play if you go on talking such Yankee stuff about your game. You ought to say, 'There's a bloody flook.'"

DEATH OF MRS. JOHN H. DAVIS.

Mrs. Davis, wife of Mr. John H. Davis, who until recently owned "Rhua House" in this city, died in New York Sunday, making Mr. Davis a widower for the fourth time. The first Mrs. Davis died within a year of her marriage. The second Mrs. Davis was Miss Chapman of Cleveland. One child was born of this marriage. Lady Terence Blackwood, daughter-in-law of the Marquis of Dufferin and by courtesy Viscountess Clandeboye. The second Mrs. Davis died 15 years ago. In February, 1893, Mr. Davis married Miss Amelia Whiting, daughter of the late Augustus Whiting, who died in June, 1896. July 16, 1898, Mr. Davis married Miss Ethel Jackson, a native of Victoria, South Africa.

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The Oliphant Club will meet with Mrs. William H. Gifford Friday afternoon, the subject for the meeting being "Inventions of the Nineteenth Century."

Miss Kate L. Durfee has gone to Providence to spend a week.

Miss Clara Reed of Fall River spent Tuesday with Mrs. William F. Brayton.

The bond of Mr. Elbert A. Sisson, with Mr. Winfield S. Sisson as surety, was fixed by the probate court at $600.

Mr. William H. Chase and wife and their grandson, William Cross, have been quite sick with the grip.

The remainder of the grocery stock formerly belonging to the firm of C. C. & C. E. Chase is being sold at auction; the sales will continue until it is all disposed of.

Mr. G. Mason Chase is in very poor health, Miss Alice Chase has been sick with the measles, and Messrs. Andrew and Richard Chase are suffering from them at present.

Dr. Capron, an eye and ear specialist of Providence, says that there never was such an epidemic as now with ear trouble, not only in that city but all through the country.

Mr. Harold Goodwin, son of Conductor Goodwin of the Island road, has passed his final examination at Dartmouth Medical College with the highest honors and has been appointed to a responsible position at the Tewksbury hospital.

MENU FOR THURSDAY.

"The daintiest dish, to make the end most sweet."—"Richard II."

Breakfast.

Preserved Peaches and Cream.
Hominy and Maple Syrup.
Ham and Eggs. Cress. Toast
Chocolate.

Luncheon.

Sliced Pineapple. Waffles.
Cheese. Cake. Tea.

Dinner.

Oysters on Half Shell.
Stewed Pigeon. Crisp Bacon.
Salted Peanuts.
Cucumber and Tomato Salad.
Creamed Potatoes.
Preserved Cherries. Cheese. Wafers.
Coffee.

Cucumber and Tomato Salad. If you do not eat tomatoes, learn to do so. The taste can be cultivated and acquired and will repay the effort. The treatment of cucumbers and tomatoes varies in different localities, but all epicures and most good livers agree that a dressing of some good kind improves these delicacies. If you are fond of both cucumbers and tomatoes, no nicer way can be found than to serve them both cut in thin slices and in the same dish with a French dressing or a light mayonnaise.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

New Popular Songs.

"She is a Sensible Girl,"
"Pliney."

Back numbers of Musical Magazines at a discount.

JOHN ROGERS,
210 THAMES STREET.

FISCHER
ESTABLISHED 1840.
PIANOS
RENOWNED FOR
TONE & DURABILITY

THE WONDERFUL POPULARITY ENJOYED BY THE

FISCHER PIANO

FOR THE PAST FIFTY-NINE YEARS IS WITHOUT A PARALLEL IN THE HISTORY OF THE PIANO WORLD. DURING THIS PERIOD OVER

110,000

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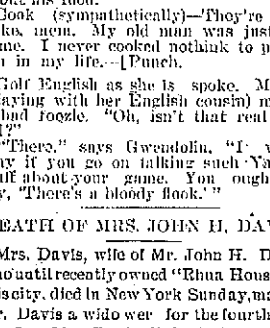
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CHAMPION'S LINE.

Naphtha Launches, Sail and Row Boats.

TO LET BY HOUR, DAY OR WEEK.

28 Kinsley's Wharf. Telephone.



My little girl's hair did not grow. It was harsh and dry, and would break off, and her scalp was full of dry dandruff that I could not comb out. A place around the back of her head was bald, and on the top of her head the hair was only two or three inches long. I used CUTICURA SOAP and some CUTICURA Ointment, and her hair has come in thick and as soft as silk. MRS. A. DOWNEY, Alfred, O.

Warm shampoos with CUTICURA SOAP and light dressings with CUTICURA, purest of emollients, will clear the scalp and hair of crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothe irritated and itching surfaces.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
REGULATE THE LIVER

SOFAS,
Hair Stuffed. Best material. Good styles. LOUNGES, COUCHES, CHAIRS.
GEO. MASON, 28 MILL ST.



When in Doubt Take the Safe Side.

The rule for the railroad man is: "When in doubt take the safe side." This rule should apply to every person when in doubt about his eyes. He is the safe side by consulting our Optician when in need of glasses, and you WILL be in need of them; for a time comes in the lives of all when sight wanes and glasses are required. The first glasses, if no others, should be carefully fitted by an experienced optician to avoid mistakes that may cause life-long trouble. Examinations free.

H. A. HEATH & CO.,
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Path Gravel.

BLUE CRUSHED STONE PATH GRAVEL. THERE IS NONE BETTER, NONE HANDSOMER, NONE THAT WILL WEAR BETTER, AND ONLY ONE PLACE YOU CAN GET IT. ADDRESS PECKHAM BROS., MIDDLETOWN, R. I.



Mrs. Arthur Roy.

It is a well-established fact that many women suffer from day to day in secret from troubles that can easily be cured. They are restrained by the nature of their disease from asking advice, preferring to bear the pain in silence. To such women the words of Mrs. Arthur Roy, of 159 Coggeshall St., New Bedford, Mass., will show a ready means of relief. She says:

"I suffered from female weakness, felt listless and wanted to lie down at all hours of the day. I had no appetite and was much emaciated.

"Four months ago, on the advice of a friend, I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. When I was on the second box I began to notice an improvement. They helped my appetite. I ate my meals with a relish and gained in weight. The oppressive, tired feeling left me and I was soon entirely well and have been so ever since. I took six boxes of the pills altogether.

"I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People to many of my friends for I know that they have been of great benefit to me."

MRS. ARTHUR ROY.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of August, 1899.

J. C. PATENAUDE,
Justice of the Peace.

At druggists or direct from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. 50 cents per box, 6 boxes $2.50.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

Building Lots

On several streets, for sale on easy terms. PECKHAM, WARNER & STRONG, 111 Broadway, New York City.

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STABLE on State street, with six stalls, room for six carriages, in good order. Price $200. Apply to

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Cottage House and Stable, 5 Hall Avenue.

Cottage, 6 rooms, all in good order.

Price $2,600.

WM. G. WARD, JR.,
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AT JAMESTOWN,
TWO FARMS,

Each containing 60 acres, on the west shore, one for $3,000 and the other for $3,700.

House lots, containing 5,000 square feet, $150 each. Sewer and water.

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C. T. KNOWLES,
BAY VIEW HOUSE, JAMESTOWN, R. I.

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Of every description written at

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MERCHANTS BANK.

WE PUT ON THE TWO-WIRE

Solid Rubber
—AND—
Cushion Tires,

Guaranteed for one year, the best rubber tire in the market today. Prices on application.

Fludder Bros., 15 Beach St.

Bargain Sales!

We shall continue our bargain sales the remainder of this week and will place on sale many articles which in value and price are real bargains.

J. M. K. SOUTHWICK,
185 Thames Street.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

FOR NEW

Carpets, Mattings, Art Squares, Rugs, } Furniture and Furniture Coverings,

GO TO

J. W. Horton & Co.,
42 CHURCH STREET,
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J. W. HORTON. P. A. WARD.



Household Stoves and Ranges

Are the handsomest, best-working, and most durable. Ranges from $12 to $16. A large and excellent line of heaters, from $2.50 to $25. Also a very good assortment of second-hand stoves from $2 to $12.

Dinner sets from $7.50 to $12, and a full line of housefurnishing goods generally.

JAMES F. MARDEN,
3 Cottrell Block, 328 Thames Street.

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BARGAINS
—IN—
Ladies' Shoes.

We have nearly every size and width on our regular $2.50 Dongola and Box Calf Shoes, Lace and Button. In order to close out the lot, we mark them at

$1.98.

A Twenty-Four Foot Counter for Sale.

Norman,
160 THAMES STREET.

Bargains.

Men's and women's heavy boots, lace and button, at greatly reduced prices.

REGULAR STOCK OF

The T. Mumford Seabury Co.,
214 THAMES STREET

The Old Reliable Shoe Store,

186 THAMES STREET,

Is still here, doing business on the good old principle of 100c. worth for a dollar in Medium footwear for Men, Women and Children, and doing the most up-to-date Renovating and Repairing in the city.

M. S. HOLM.

Agency for White Star, Anchor and Dominion Lines. Atlantic Steamship Co.'s Tickets and Drafts for sale.

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A FULL LINE OF

Fresh Vegetables
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Fred B. Coggeshall's,
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GREEN PEAS,	OYSTER PLANT,
STRING BEANS,	LETTUCE,
BEET TOPS,	RADISHES,
BRUSSEL SPROUTS,	CUCUMBERS,
DANDELIONS,	TOMATOES,
SPINACH,	RHUBARB.

ALSO RIPE STRAWBERRIES.

SELECTED

Rhode Island Turkeys

FRESH TABLE EGGS A SPECIALTY.

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103 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

DEERFOOT FARM

Sausage,
Bacon,
Cream
—AT—
The Sea Side Market.

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Typewriting Machine.

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124 THAMES ST., NEWPORT, R. I.

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LEARY'S INTELLIGENCE OFFICE
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NEWPORT DAILY NEWS AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.
T. T. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.
Office, 207 Thames Street.
News, $6.00 a year. Journal, $2.00.

TELEPHONE CALLS,
Business Office, down stairs, 17-2.
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, up stairs, 17-3.
Publisher's Residence, 24 High Street, 322-4.

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as the new.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements, without special position, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpariel type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one-half these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job office.

Newport Daily News

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14, 1900.

DIVIDING THE BOND ISSUE.

The City Council did not succeed last evening in submitting to the taxpayers the proposition for an issue of bonds, but it came to a practical agreement as to the form of the proposition. Instead of one proposition including all the various items an omnibus bill, in fact, in which all the matters would have stood or fallen together according to the vote of the people—the several proposed expenditures will be submitted separately, the taxpayers being allowed to indicate their preferences on each proposition. This seems the wiser plan, as each proposition will stand on its own merits and the voters can express themselves more freely on the several matters. It is not yet known what items will be submitted, but under the present arrangement there is no reason why every proposition that has been suggested should not be included, and the taxpayers be given an opportunity to vote on them all.

PATROL WAGON AND AMBULANCE.

There has been considerable adverse comment of late of the rule of the police department that the driver of the ambulance shall not assist in the removal of sick or injured persons to or from the wagon. This criticism is well grounded in many respects, but it should not be directed against the driver. His place is on the driver's seat, where he can have complete control of the horse and prevent it from starting at a moment when a movement of the ambulance might be of great injury to the person being carried.

If the patrol wagon, for it is that primarily, is to be used as an ambulance, and that is one of its intended purposes, it should be not only provided with the means of properly caring for the injured, but with one or more persons skilled enough in the use of such apparatus as to use it intelligently. In fact, the ambulance should be so equipped that it would be able to render the first aid to the injured that is so beneficial in many accidents. To do this, however, would require the education of one or more officers in this line and their exclusive detail to such work. With our limited force such a detail is impossible, and the work of the ambulance service is so much the inferior on this account.

To remedy this, it is suggested that the police wagon should be relieved of its dual duty, and become simply a patrol wagon, that an ambulance for the removal of the sick or injured be used from the hospital, and under its direction, and that a trained attendant be sent with the ambulance on its every call for duty. There is no other way out of it, unless the policemen are trained to be hospital attendants, and one of these sent with the ambulance on every case. The driver can hardly be expected to care for his horse and for the sick or injured at the same time.

AN EFFECT OF MODERN PROGRESS.

Before the march of improvement the famous Rione Santa Lucia of Naples is to be cleared of its ugly, quaint buildings, its picturesque but filthy dwellers and its unmentionable dirt. On the water side a broad quay was constructed some years ago, and this is as far as the ordinary traveler cares to penetrate the region. Santa Lucia is not far from the royal palace on one side, and directly adjoins a quarter where are some of the best hotels of the lower town. The importance of destroying the ancient buildings and scattering the crowded occupants has been a matter of discussion since the last terrible cholera outbreak in Naples, but the history and characteristic features of the old region have saved it till now.

Santa Lucia has been the place of all in which to see Neapolitan life. Here on the wharf the readers mounted their stands and collected little audiences of the people, who paid a small portion of a cent for the privilege of hearing the lines of the ancient poets. On the sea side were the stands where the frutti di mare was sold. At the back of the quay, and in the narrow streets, all the life of a humble folk went on in the open air and under the public gaze. It was one of the sights of Naples and could be described as the dirtiest, noisiest, most densely crowded spot on the earth, at certain hours when the inhabitants mustered in full force, and made it exciting for the tourist who tried to walk among the hundreds of importunate beggars and peddlers. The fresh clean quarter, with probably a border of great hotels and big shops that will soon be seen where Santa Lucia is remembered, will be a regretable change for the traveler, but it will mean the removal of a menace to the health of Naples, and an advancement in civilization.

IN KENTUCKY.

The Democrats in Kentucky refuse to make concessions, and the iniquitous Goebel law still controls the situation. Governor Taylor, though the choice of the people, is clearly not entitled to the office, according to the legislative and judicial judgment of the state. The only excuse for his striving to maintain his position is in view of the action of the Democrats in regard to the assassination of Goebel, and the danger arising if there is no check to the arrests.

There are curious rumors in Frankfort implicating other than Goebel's opponents as the cause of his death, but all inquiry in this line is checked and a strange mystery surrounds the case. If a coroner's inquest was held over the dead man, there is no record of it. The effort seems to have been to have everything quiet that would interfere with the future conduct of the case against the alleged murderers, who were to be selected from the Republican state officials, or to protect some one who is known to have done the deed.

The Louisville Courier-Journal represents the better and more fair-minded of the Democrats, and it does not hesitate to say through its columns that the present Democratic policy will be suicidal in the end. Within a few days this prediction has appeared in the paper: "If the election next fall is held under the Goebel election law, and if the vote of Kentucky is necessary for the election of a Republican President, Kentucky's vote will be counted for the Republicans, it matters not what the returns may show. Nothing in future politics is surer than this."

But the Democratic party in Kentucky is beyond the control of its decent men, and the hope is slight of a restoration to order before the disgrace of a civil war is known, and more Kentucky blood is spilled.

AN UNWORTHY SUGGESTION.

With the threat to blow up the mines, the Boers are carrying the war into the countries of their friends, who are thus warned to interfere in their behalf or to suffer the consequences. Under the law of nations the destruction of this property, owned by private parties, would be an unjustifiable crime. Those who would suffer are scattered among the European countries, and France is one of the nations whose citizens have large interests in the machinery, plants and city that are threatened.

It would be a natural act on the part of a people who have shown themselves beyond respect for international opinion, if havoc is made that will mean the loss of some hundreds of millions of dollars to investors, many of them not even citizens of a belligerent nation. If the Boers have to lose they threaten to make their calamity a disaster to the world as far as they can carry the effect of their vengeance. The leaders may not be so unscrupulous as they appear, but that they are willing to show themselves in this character looks dangerous. For Great Britain to back down now, in the interests of a millionaire element, would be too damaging to her reputation to contemplate, and that is where the short-sightedness of the Transvaal government is again seen.

In a hearing in Massachusetts of a petition that the trailing arbutus be made the floral emblem of the state, there was considerable opposition developed. A botanist thought it would be inconsistent for the legislature to pass a bill making a state emblem of a flower that has no historic association, and it would be teaching the children what was false if there was an attempt to bring the arbutus forward as connected with the early history, as there was only a slight tradition to support this belief. The most serious objection, however, lay in its having been already adopted as the floral emblem of Nova Scotia, and being as fully appropriated by others as are the shamrock and the thistle. The blue flag was the rival in opposition. The honor if conferred on the arbutus is expected to cause its extermination in the state. It is a shy grower and difficult to propagate, and a greater popularity would be its death. The flag, on the contrary, it would be difficult to check in growth.

Nine Democratic members of the House of Representatives—six from New York and one each from Massachusetts, Pennsylvania and Maryland—voted with the Republicans for the gold standard currency bill. The Republicans of the Senate, with one exception, and all the Republicans of the House voted for the bill and President McKinley will sign it. It can therefore be properly called a party measure, and the Republicans have redeemed their pledges made at the national convention four years ago.

The backwardness of the spring in Newport is emphasized by the raptures of the Washington Star, which flow as follows: "With parks springing into bloom, and lawns glowing with the rich, soft green of spring, and the miles of trees shimmering with young buds, Washington will in a few days blossom with a beauty all its own, unrivaled by any other city and capable of even greater development as nature's favorite."

Springfield, Mass., is about to erect another fine public building, for which the plan has been carefully selected from nine offered in competition by the architects. This is to be a school-building as perfect in its construction and fittings as modern ideas can make it. This excellence does not depend upon a great outlay of money, but on the decision of the citizens, who choose the right thing.

A baker's wagon passing through a Massachusetts county left agony in its wake in the shape of delicious-looking cream cakes. The cases of illness from ptomaine poison are numerous, and are said to be caused by a preparation called "eggene," a cheap substitute for eggs, used in the filling. The rapidity with which this substance ferments puts it in the same category for family use as low-grade kerosene.

President McKinley's full and unconditional pardon of Captain Bowman H. McCalla, U. S. N., will operate to restore that officer to his old rank and position. Captain McCalla has proved himself a brave and efficient officer and his many friends, both within and without the navy, will appreciate the special favor which has been accorded him.

Steamer Paris is to go back on the American line, beautifully refitted and with her speed increased. It is odd, though, to make her faster and then change the name from Paris to Philadelphia.

The Republicans of Rhode Island have opened the Presidential campaign with a positive declaration in favor of President McKinley, expansion, sound money and a restriction of trusts.

The English enthusiastic appreciation for Irish pluck and Irish leadership in South Africa is a deadly thing to the Irish agitator, who is in fear of losing his job.

It is said that Rev. Mr. Sheldon refused to advertise corsets in his model paper, classing these articles with other wickednesses like tobacco, patent medicines and whiskey.

The Americans are going to keep Sunday sacred at the Paris exposition, perhaps with an idea of atoning for making it an open day at the Chicago fair.

Although two heads are said to be better than one, we doubt if Sir Thomas Lipton will find two challenging yachts in the same category.

The New York police seem to have been able to find the dives in that city, even though they were not aware of their existence.

For the encouragement of the City Council it may be recalled that a third trial is popularly supposed to be likely to prove successful.

Apparently Cushman of Washington did not stop over this time.

NAMES FOR THE HALL OF FAME.

The names to be inscribed upon "The Hall of Fame for Great Americans," for the erection of which $100,000 was donated to New York University by some person whose name has not been made public, will be chosen by a board of judges, consisting of 100 members of the American Historical Association. This fact was revealed by Dr. Henry M. MacCracken, chancellor of the university.

Fifty names are to be inscribed at once, and every five years five more are to be added, until 150 names shall have been put on the panels. No name shall be considered unless the person shall have been dead at least 10 years.

Dr. MacCracken said that the question as to whether the names of great Americans of foreign birth, such as Alexander Hamilton, John Paul Jones, Roger Williams and a host of others, should be allowed a place in the Hall of Fame had been carefully considered and finally decided negatively.

"These men," said the chancellor, "were the products of centuries of civilization, and not strictly American. It is no detraction from other countries to exclude them, but rather a compliment, as we frankly admit their greatness and credit them to their native lands. The list of 50 restricts us to such limits that there is room for none save sons of the soil."

Dr. MacCracken said that the person who had contributed the $100,000 had promised to provide whatever additional funds might be necessary. The first two suggestions for places upon the panels have been received by the chancellor. The names were John Harvard and Samuel J. Tilden, sent by a member of the University Club.

The Hall of Fame will occupy a commanding site, opposite the Palisades, between the Hudson and Harlem rivers.

Rev. Dr. R. S. MacArthur, pastor of Calvary Baptist Church, in New York, said that were it not for the prohibition put upon foreign-born Americans he should select first of all Roger Williams and Henry Dunster. The former, one of the founders of Rhode Island, and the latter first president of Harvard College.

"Both of these men," said he, "though born in other lands, are Americans in the truest, largest sense, as they stood for the principle of religious and civil liberty, a principle which was above all others in their time absolutely and distinctly American.

"Among the really great American born I shall include Washington, Lincoln, Grant, John Marshall, Daniel Webster, Patrick Henry, who, by one simple, sublime sentence—'I am not a Virginian, I am an American'—stamped his name indelibly upon his country's roll of immortals; John Hancock, Samuel Adams, Benjamin Franklin, Oliver Hazard Perry, Robert E. Lee, Stonewall Jackson, David Farragut, Matthew Calbraith Perry, Elisha Kent Kane and Thomas MacDonough.

"There are two names I have left to the last to mention; but to which I would award the highest places—Thomas Jefferson and William H. Seward. The purchase of the Louisiana territory made by Jefferson, was the most heroic act in the life of the infant republic, and the influence of Seward in acquiring Alaska marked him as a man of most far-seeing statesmanship. The men, in my opinion, whom we should honor most are those who have done most to extend our territory, and for this very reason, I venture to prophesy that at some future time, when the years have silenced his little critics, the name of our present President will find a place in golden letters upon the walls of the Hall of Fame."

RICH WHITE WOMAN'S BURDEN.

It is a common fallacy to believe that women of wealth and social prominence have a luxurious life of it, and that they enjoy the cakes and ale of existence to a greater extent than those who, although they may have less of this world's goods, have certainly also less of its cares and responsibilities.

In this country, where the extensive establishments are conducted on as large a scale as any in Europe, the service to be obtained is totally inadequate. For some unknown reason, although it has been repeatedly tried, the perfectly trained servants of England cannot be transplanted as an organization. It seems absolutely impossible for the superior English housekeeper and butler, who cause the wheels of domestic machinery to move in oiled grooves, so to speak, to adapt themselves to American conditions, while their subordinates are affected almost immediately by the spirit of unrest which prevails in American domestic service, and they add to the cares and worries of their employers, instead of ministering to their comfort.

When it is considered that in a New York house of any pretensions there are from 15 to 20 servants, and often more, it will be easily seen that in this particular alone, under the existing circumstances, the rich white woman's burden is not an easy one to carry.

"It is really a serious problem," said a woman who has the responsibility of a large establishment. "Housekeepers who could assume the burden and relieve the mistress of the house seem absolutely impossible to obtain. English women who understand the requirements of an up-to-date establishment cannot, for some reason or other, manage the servants in this country. I have imported several who were according to all accounts perfectly splendid on the other side, but who under the new conditions were totally incompetent. One had nervous prostration, and I was obliged to send her home. Another was simply unendurable by reason of her airs of superiority, and she apparently irritated the servants as much as she did me, for none of them would stay with her. A third, that I really had hopes of, received a magnificent offer from a well known hotel keeper, and, of course, accepted.

"On the other hand, if you engage some honest greenhorn and try to train him there is no knowing what things he may do. One of my housemaids, a particularly nice French woman, persuaded me not long ago to take her husband into my service. He had never been a servant, she told me, having taught a little school in France, but they had had misfortunes and he was willing to do anything. 'Only try him, madam,' she urged. 'He is so quick, so devoted! He will be a treasure.'

"To please her I saw the man, and he was a good-looking fellow, and consented to try him as one of the underlings. I told the butler to see what he could make out of him. For a few days he seemed to get on fairly well, and although he made a few natural mistakes he seemed diligent and was certainly anxious to please, so I thought he would do. One night, however, about a week after his arrival we had several people in to dinner. Pierre, for that was his name, made one or two blunders, and the butler evidently spoke to him in the pantry, for he came out flushed and excited, and presented the dish he carried on the wrong side of the guest on my husband's right, whereupon the latter said rather sharply: 'Whereupon the other side, man. Don't you see what you are about?'

"This was evidently the last straw. My new treasure walked over to the sideboard with the stride of a tragic actor, deposited his dish, and then, amid the astonished silence of our guests, thundered forth: 'Monsieur, I am professeur, and I shall nevaire be garcon de table!'"
—[New York Tribune.

Nervous, Despondent,
Physically Run-Down Men and Women

Take the greatest blood and nerve builder of the century, Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills for weak, worn-out, nervous people. Used in private practice since 1848. Thousands restored to health and happiness. Sold at all wholesale and retail drug stores, $1 per box, 6 boxes $5. EMIL S. BLUMENKRANZ, 170 Thames St., Newport, R. I.

Advice on all diseases from specialists free, DR. HALLOCK DRUG CO., 110 Court St., Boston, Mass.

Card of Thanks.

I wish to express my sincere appreciation and gratitude to the members of Scandinavian Society of Three Stars, Mjolner Society, Court Pride of the City, F. of A., Touro Council No. 2, American Legion of Honor, and to all others whose kindness was so courteously manifested towards me during my recent bereavement.
MRS. CHRISTIAN ANDERSON.

OFFICE CONSTRUCTING QUARTERMASTER, 200 Thames St., Newport, R. I., March 14, 1900: Sealed proposals in triplicate for construction of Subsistence Storehouse, Quartermaster's Stable and Wagon Shed at Fort Adams, Newport, R. I., will be received until 12 M., April 23, 1900. U. S. reserves right to reject or accept any or all proposals or any part thereof. Separate bids required for each building and for plumbing in Stable. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals will be endorsed "Proposals for Storehouse, etc." H. P. Young, Q. M. 3-14-1900.

Annual Meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Proprietors of Island Cemetery Company will be held at the State House, Monday evening, March 19, 1900, at 7:30 o'clock.
HENRY C. STEVENS, Secretary.

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

LIQUOR LICENSES.

OFFICE LICENSE COMMISSIONERS, MARCH 9, 1900.

The BOARD OF LICENSE COMMISSIONERS of the City of Newport are now ready to receive applications from parties who intend to apply for license to sell spirituous and intoxicating liquors for the year beginning May 1, 1900. All applications, to insure action before the beginning of the license year, must be in the hands of the Commissioners by MARCH 26, 1900, and all licenses not paid for fifteen days after the date of their granting will be revoked.

Blanks may be obtained at the office of the Commissioners, Room 2, Mercury Building, or at Room 3, Aquidneck Bank Building.

No license will be granted to sell liquor in any place with windows or doors opening other than on a public traveled way until such windows and doors shall have been covered with wire screening or otherwise securely closed, excepting such places as are provided with tavern license from the Board of Aldermen of the City of Newport, and the location of all places to be licensed should be distinctly numbered.

By order of the Board of License Commissioners.
EUGENE C. O'NEILL, Clerk.

Incubator Eggs for Hatching.

Good blooded Plymouth Rocks' eggs for sale at $2.50 per hundred. E. E. Peckham, Middletown, P. O. address Box 233, Newport, R. I.

Spring Humors of the Blood

Come to a certain percentage of all the people. Probably 75 per cent. of these people are cured every year by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and we hope by this advertisement to get the other 25 per cent. to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It has made more people well, effected more wonderful cures than any other medicine in the world. Its strength as a blood purifier is demonstrated by its marvelous cures of

Scrofula, Salt Rheum
Scald Head, Boils, Pimples
All kinds of Humor, Psoriasis
Blood Poisoning, Rheumatism
Catarrh, Malaria, Etc.

All of which are prevalent at this season.

You need Hood's Sarsaparilla now. It will do you wonderful good.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Blood Medicine.

For Rent Unfurnished
Or For Sale.

The premises 40 Everett street; a substantial, well built house. Will sell at a moderate price or will lease. Apply to
R. C. DERBY,
138 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 14, 8 A. M.—For Rhode Island—Fair and colder tonight; Thursday fair; fresh northerly winds.

BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, March 14, 8 A. M.—For Boston and vicinity—Fair tonight and Thursday; much colder tonight and continued cold Thursday; northerly winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The slight disturbance which was over the lower lake region has passed off to the northeast, causing only local cloudiness for a short time, with scattered light snow flurries at a few points. The area of high pressure in the West has extended east and south, though the centre has remained over Canadian sections. Its very slow eastward movement makes conditions favorable for an extended period of fair weather over the greater portion of the country. The temperature has fallen in the lake region and northwestern states and is extremely cold in Canadian sections to the north. In the Atlantic coast states the temperature is generally higher than yesterday.

J. W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

March 14.	8 h	12 h	14 h
Temperature,	35	47	46
Barometer,	29.82	29.78	29.75
Wind,	NW	NW	W
Weather,	Fair	Fair	Clear

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14.
Sun rises ..... 6 h 59 m
Sun sets ..... 17 h 49 m
Moon sets ..... 4 h 50 m
Length of day ..... 11 h 50 m
Day's increase ..... 2 h 46 m
High water ..... 6 h 21 m; 18 h 44 m

THURSDAY, MARCH 15.
Sun rises ..... 6 h 57 m
Sun sets ..... 17 h 50 m
Moon sets ..... 5 h 14 m
Length of day ..... 11 h 53 m
Day's increase ..... 2 h 49 m
High water ..... 6 h 59 m; 19 h 19 m

FRIDAY, MARCH 16.
Sun rises ..... 5 h 56 m
Sun sets ..... 17 h 52 m
Moon rises ..... h — m
Length of day ..... 11 h 56 m
Day's increase ..... 2 h 52 m
High water ..... 7 h 35 m; 19 h 51 m

SATURDAY, MARCH 17.
Sun rises ..... 5 h 54 m
Sun sets ..... 17 h 53 m
Moon rises ..... 19 h 31 m
Length of day ..... 11 h 59 m
Day's increase ..... 2 h 52 m
High water ..... 8 h 10 m; 20 h 27 m

Moon's Phases.
Full Moon, March 15, 3 h 12 m, W.
Last Quarter, March 24, 0 h 36 m, E.
New Moon, March 30, 15 h 30 m, W.
First Quarter, April 6, 15 h 55 m, E.

NEW TODAY.

Lost—$50 in Bills; 7th page.
Hood's Sarsaparilla; 4th page.
To Let—Restaurant; 7th page.
Lost—Chinchilla Muff; 7th page.
Carr—Prang Platinettes; 8th page.
Wanted—Situation to Sew; 7th page.
Proposals for Construction; 4th page.
Wanted—Situation as Cook; 7th page.
Raymond & Whitcomb Tours; 5th page.
Fall River—New Spring Styles; 2d page.
Wanted—Showcase and Counter; 7th page.
Opera House—A Bunch of Keys; 5th page.
A. C. Titus Co.—China Mattings; 1st page.
DeBlois & Eldridge—Stable to Let; 3d page.
Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.—Zaza Corsets; 2d page.
Peckham, Warner & Strong—Building Lots; 3d.
Mrs. Christian Anderson—A Card of Thanks; 7th.
Brown's Market—Diamond Creamery Butter; 5th p.

Changes of advertisements should be sent in the night before or early on the day of issue to insure insertion.

FOR SALE.

On Honyman Hill, a property containing a large Swiss villa; stable, greenhouses, bowling alleys and 22 acres of land.

Also another property containing a Queen Anne cottage, with stable, etc., and about 12 acres of land. Both are on the hill at an elevation of 120 feet and command a fine view of the ocean at the south and Narragansett Bay on the north as well as the pretty valley running north and south just west of these properties. They can now be had at tempting prices and are also for rent.

HERBERT L. DYER,
TRAVERS BLOCK, Corner Bellevue Avenue and Bath Road.

Steam and Hot Water Heating,
Electric Bells, Burglar Alarms
Gas and Electric Lighting.
Philip F. Conroy,
TELEPHONE 272. 181 THAMES ST.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.
HENRY BULL, JR.,
Fire Insurance,
197 Thames Street.

For Sale.

Lot 45x90, on Elliott court, off Broadway, $900.
Lot 60x120, on Vernon avenue, $1,000.
Two-tenement property, Spruce court, (rented), $2,500.
Two-tenement property, 7 Extension street, (rented), $2,600.
HENRY BULL, JR.,
REAL ESTATE,
197 Thames Street.

CORRICAN'S
BAGGAGE AND FREIGHT
EXPRESS,
Rear 173 Thames Street.
FURNITURE MOVING.
HEAVY TRUCKING.
Telephone 209-3.

TAYLOR, CARR & ANDREWS,
170 DEVONSHIRE ST., BOSTON.
Engineers and Contractors for Concrete Masonry.
ARTIFICIAL STONE,
Tar, Concrete and Asphalt Walks and Drives, Stable Floors, Water-Tight Cellars.
Wm. Shepley, Newport Agt.,
7 OAK STREET.

Jamestown Real Estate Agency.
Furnished Cottages for the season of 1900.
A. W. LUTHER,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Ferry Wharf, Jamestown, R. I.

EDWIN T. BANNING
Architect,
209 Thames Street.
ROOM 20.

A. O'D. TAYLOR.
Selling Prices of the Only Two Lots
Now on the market on the old Tooker lot, corner of Touro and Kay streets:
68x100 on Touro street, $8,500.
100x68 on Kay street, $9,000.
No finer position in Newport for professional men, or other gentlemen desiring permanent residence.
Telephone No. 320.
Office, 124 Bellevue Avenue.

DIED.

HUBBARD—In Utica, N. Y., 13th inst., Solomon T. Hubbard.
Notice of funeral hereafter.
GORDON—In Providence, 13th inst., William Gordon, in his 57th year.
BURGESS—In Providence, 13th inst., Thomas Burgess.
STONE—In Willimantic, Conn., 11th inst., Asa Stone, formerly of Providence, in his 85th year.
JACKSON—In Fall River, 12th inst., Mary, wife of James Jackson, aged 70 years.
HOWLAND—In Fall River, 13th inst., Lucy A., widow of William H. Howland, aged 66 years.
BORDEN—In Fall River, 12th inst., Charles C. Borden, aged 56 years.
HANNIGAN—In Assonet, 12th inst., Margaret, wife of John Hannigan.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street. Residence, 104 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

JAMES A. DUNPHY, Undertaker and Embalmer, graduate Massachusetts College of Embalming, 613 Thames street. Residence 5 Mount Vernon street. Telephone at office and residence.

Health for ten cents. Cascarets make the bowels and kidneys act naturally, destroy microbes, cure headaches, biliousness and constipation. All druggists.

"Difficulties give way to diligence," and disease germs and blood humors disappear when Hood's Sarsaparilla is faithfully taken.

Magnificent Spring Tours.

Messrs. Raymond & Whitcomb's annual spring tours to the Pacific Coast, Alaska, the Yellowstone National Park, etc., will be unusually attractive this year. The date of leaving Boston is Tuesday, April 24. These tours have been very popular for twenty years past, and in no way, and at no time, can the scenic wonders of the mid-continent and the picturesque Pacific Coast be seen to better advantage. The trip can be made long or short, as desired, and the passengers are personally conducted through all the different journeys, so that they are relieved of all the ordinary cares of traveling. Alaska and the marvelous Yellowstone Park region are, of course, prominent among the objective points. Messrs. Raymond & Whitcomb will send a descriptive circular on application. Their address is 296 Washington street, Boston.

FOR SALE.
Portsmouth Shore Farm.

THE WILLIAM CARR ESTATE IN PORTSMOUTH SITUATE A LITTLE SOUTH OF PORTSMOUTH GROVE, CONTAINING 45 ACRES OF LAND AND FARM BUILDINGS. FOR PARTICULARS INQUIRE OF
SIMEON HAZARD,
SOLE AGENT, 91 BROADWAY,
NEWPORT, R. I.

New Arrivals.

Car Excellent Wheat ($1.25 per hundred, $23 a ton).
Car "Chicken" Cracked Corn (the nicest that can be milled).
Car Choice Winter Mixed Feed (direct from St. Louis).
And a large invoice of all kinds of HAY SEED (fresh stock).
H. L. MARSH & CO.
Telephone 208.

MASSAGE.
Miss E. S. Peckham, Masseuse.
(General and facial massage. Treatments with electricity if desired. Also Swedish movements. 15 Newport avenue.

Miss E. C. Dimock, Masseuse.
Refers to DOCTOR DOUGLAS GRAHAM, BOSTON, by whom was graduated. 206 Spring street. Telephone 376-4.

Dr. E. C. HOLLOWAY,
CHIROPODIST AND ELECTROLYSIAN,
Office, 70 Spring St., Newport, R. I. Open Evenings. Orders may be left at Seabury's Shoe Store.

Three Months
—FOR—
Twenty Five Cents

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL IS COMPILED EACH WEEK FROM THE COLUMNS OF THE DAILY NEWS WITH SPECIAL REGARD TO THE NEEDS OF PEOPLE IN OTHER CITIES WHO ARE INTERESTED IN NEWPORT AFFAIRS, BUT WHO DO NOT REGULARLY SEE THE DAILY PAPER.

A TRIAL SUBSCRIPTION TO THE JOURNAL MAY BE HAD FOR

Three Months for Twenty-five Cents

INCLUDING POSTAGE TO ANY POSTOFFICE IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE SENDING OF THE PAPER WILL CEASE AT THE END OF THE TIME STATED, UNLESS ORDER IS GIVEN TO THE CONTRARY.

T. T. PITMAN, Publisher.

ATTENTION!
Do not fail to stop in my
Flower Store, 234 Thames St.
Everything you buy will be fresh and first class.
Funeral and Wedding Work a Specialty
PRICES VERY LOW. H. J. HAASS.

PROVIDENCE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

New Building Which, the Gift of John Nicholas Brown Made Possible.

The new public library in Providence, which has been under construction for the past three years, is completed. There will be an inspection by card Thursday, and on the following day the public will begin to use the library. It is the most beautiful structure in the state, barring the white marble capitol. It is built of Roman brick and Indiana limestone, with Bardello marble columns at the entrance. It is situated on Washington, Greene and Fountain streets, and its construction was superintended by the architects, Messrs. Stone, Carpenter & Wilson of Providence. The interior of the building is magnificent. The grand entrances, imposing rotunda, superb wainscotings of Sienna and Combranchien marble—all appeal to the eye and to the sense of ari; but beyond these features there is an ideal library, with every convenience, the result of the thoughtful work of William E. Foster.

The library consists of two buildings, exclusive of the boiler house. The main building, facing on Washington street, will be devoted to all library purposes, saving the storage of books in constant use. To the rear, but connected with the main building, is the stackhouse, which is of six floors, and which will shelve 165,000 volumes.

The stack building is an entire steel core inside the masonry shell. The main stack section consists of six stack stories, with steel supports running continuously from the bottom to the top. The lowest floor is of concrete, but all the others are of thick glass, set in iron frames. The staircases are of iron, and the walls of marble. The wiring for the electric lights is inside the uprights, and controlled by switches at the ends of the bookcases. The ingenious method by which the steel book shelves slide in slots, including the double sliding shelf at the proper height for holding an armful of books, and the sliding book support, which moves in the grooves of the shelf, command the admiration of those who have seen it.

On the first floor of the main building are the reading rooms, information bureau, registration desk and delivery room. These departments are approached through a spacious vestibule with a double stairway. The reference reading room is finished in pale green tints, and embellished with pillars, pilasters, ornamented ceiling and deep panels. Two rows of desks accommodate 90 readers, each desk having an individual electric light. The bookcases here extend around the room, and are five feet high, and accommodate not less than 5,000 volumes. A smaller room opens off the reference reading room, and has been fitted up for geographical research. The other reading room is devoted to periodicals. The public will here find mahogany chairs and tables, with overhead electric lights. This reading room is tinted to match the other one.

An effective feature on the second floor is the east and west corridor. It is 12 feet wide, and the walls are supported by grand pillars of Sienna marble and scaglion. On this floor are four administration rooms—the office of the librarian, auditor's office, the secretary's record room and an apartment for the trustees. In the east wing is a study and clubroom for lectures. This is 41 by 38 feet, and has a seating capacity of 132, with shelves for 2,000 volumes. Special arrangements are provided for illustrating the lectures.

In the west wing is the children's reading room. Adjoining is a lecture and clubroom for the children. On the same floor will be located the Barnard Club Library, consisting of 3,000 volumes. This will be the school teachers' headquarters. The walls of this room are of white marble.

Also on this floor is a room 40 by 12 feet, containing the "standard" library. Here are placed about 1,000 volumes, comprising the best works of the best authors of the best literature of the world, in English, French, German, Spanish, Latin and Greek, and standard translations of most of these works.

The entire third floor is devoted to special libraries, of which the industrial will be the leading feature, with general industrial treatises; books of reference, periodicals and trade catalogues. There will also be as full a set of patent records as can be procured, embracing collections from several foreign countries. This industrial room is provided with drafting tables for those who may desire to make copies of drawings, and a dark room for developing negatives.

The east wing is devoted to special libraries. Here is located the Harris collection of works on slavery and the rebellion, including 10,000 volumes and pamphlets; the Albert J. Jones collection of Italian literature, 670 volumes; the library of the Soldiers and Sailors' Historical Society, the Robert Bonner library of musical works, and an art library of 3,000 volumes. Next to this is the room where is to be placed the large and invaluable library of the Rhode Island Medical Society.

In the stack building there are several reading rooms, and one of these is very handily situated for those who delight in folk lore, and who will enjoy the collection of works given to the library by the late Alfred M. Williams.

For the munificent contribution of $250,000 by John Nicholas Brown the trustees and the public are deeply indebted. His gift enabled the trustees to complete the building as originally designed.—[Providence Journal.

CONSOLIDATED ROAD TO ABANDON NEW HAVEN.

Officials of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad are about prepared to introduce sweeping changes in the management of its transportation service, involving a plan whereby many executive positions will be abolished, divisions will be doubled up, New Haven will be abandoned as a terminal and the operating expenses of the road will be generally reduced. This is the meaning of the laying out of big freight yards at Poquonnoc, near New London.

When the new plans become operative trains will run between New York and Boston with two crews, instead of four, and New Haven will be shorn of its present importance as terminal. Its position will be taken by New London. New Haven will suffer severely from loss of business thus entailed, and New London will profit.

Several officials of the road have recently visited Altoona, Penn., and returned greatly impressed with the beauties of that famous railroad centre, and they will undertake to introduce many of its most salient features at New London. The road proposes to provide itself with facilities for making its own repairs, and extensive works for this purpose will be erected at the new terminal.

By these and other means, it is said, the expenses of the company can be reduced hundreds of thousands of dollars annually. The operating force will necessarily be made smaller, and the number of division superintendents will be cut in half.

INTENDED TO AMUSE.

Charles E. Blaney's new comedy, "A Female Drummer," was given its first presentation in Newport last evening before a large audience at the Opera House. It is a play which is intended solely to amuse, and succeeds well in this purpose. A number of musical selections are introduced and were generally well sung, especially the numbers by the Imperial quartet and by Miss Bennett and Miss Nellie O'Neil.

Miss Johnstone Bennett, as the female drummer and in several other assumed characters, had an opportunity to display her specialty, that of the mannish young woman. Charles Hawkins as Wood B. Smooth, senior member of the firm of Smooth, Silk & Co., was capital; Willis B. Sweatnam, the old-time minstrel, had a congenial part as Super Stitions, the porter, and made one of the hits of the evening. Oscar Figman, as the floor walker, was also good, and Harry Ladell, as Uptown Downs, called Buttons, gave an exhibition of "ground and lofty dancing" which was universally regarded as "all right." Nellie O'Neil as Carry Cash, the cash girl, was also good. The stage settings were excellent, the scene of the first act, the private office of the dry goods house, and the second act, the main salesroom, especially so, the latter being a capital representation of a large department store.

A FUNNY FRENCH FARCE.

Charles Frohman's production of the French farce, "The Girl From Maxim's," was presented at the New Criterion Theatre in New York last August, when it met with extraordinary success. The cast includes W. J. Ferguson, Joseph Allen, Lewis Baker, Alfred Klein, Paul McAllister, Charles W. Lane, Robert Hickman, Edgar Hawley, Royal Thayer, Arthur de Voy, George Wells, Douglass Stanfield, J. S. Robertson, Charles Walson, Wales Winter, Merri Osborne, Fanny Addison Pitt, Mary Keulty, Mamie Forbes, Blanche Cerf, Rose Flynn, Florence Gerald, Grace Hanson, Margaret Kenmore and May Blanchard.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mrs. George N. Pitman of New Bedford is visiting Mrs. Thomas S. Bowler.

—Miss Mary E. Carroll is visiting her sister, Mrs. John J. Kavanagh, in New York.

—The Newport Horticultural Society at its regular meeting this evening will have a social session.

—Captain H. C. Taylor, U. S. N., will leave town Friday to take command of receiving ship Vermont at New York.

—Oyster steamer Gordon Rowe today towed oyster steamer W. H. Lockwood here, to be hauled out on the railway.

—Dr. and Mrs. A. F. Squire of this city were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Russak at a reception and musicale given in New York last evening.

—John Whipple has rented for Mrs. Frank Foster her cottage on Catherine street to Mr. James H. Beekman of New York, for the coming season.

—Rev. E. H. Porter, who has been confined to his home for several days by illness, and who has been reported on the street as in a serious condition, is improving.

—Commander C. H. Stockton, U. S. N., has accepted an invitation to deliver a series of lectures on international law at Norwich Academy, Vermont. The invitation came from the president of the institution, Allan D. Brown.

—H. N. Walker of Bridgeport, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Spalding, J. M. Buzel and Miss Hodgson of New York., and S. J. Weyman, E. T. Stone, J. Barry, J. A. Coakley and W. W. Franklin of New York are registered at the Perry House.

—A. O'D. Taylor has rented, for the summer season, through Dr. V. Mott Francis, private agent for Mrs. Elizabeth D. Leyin of Wolverhampton, England, Mrs. Leyin's cottage on Rhode Island avenue, to Mr. William O. Blanding of Providence.

—The double door arrangement in the porch of the Spring street entrance to St. Mary's Church has disappeared, and hereafter two swinging doors, opening outwardly, will be used. The absence of the central post will be welcomed by all who have occasion to use this entrance.

—Mr. Charles H. McCoster of the firm of J. Pierpont Morgan & Co., who died in New York yesterday, was a native of Newport, having been born in this city in 1852. Probably his family was spending the summer here, as no one has been found about the city who remembers that such a family lived here.

—The flag over Odd Fellows' hall is at half-staff on account of the death of Mr. Solomon T. Hubbard, who was a member of Rhode Island Lodge, and Aquidneck Encampment, No. 5, I. O. O. F. Mr. Hubbard was one of the oldest members of Rhode Island Lodge, having joined that organization in 1853. He was a former member of St. John's Lodge, No. 1, A. F. and A. M.

—The sale of the personal property of the Crowley estate, at the shipyard, was begun this morning by Auctioneer E. C. O'Neill and continued until noon, when a recess was taken for dinner, the sale being resumed at 2 p. m. Good prices were obtained for the material in the yard, nearly all being bought for Mr. F. P. Sands, who owns the yard and who purchased the lease. The spile driver was sold for $2,700, which was considered a good price.

THE FULL PROGRAM.

Arrangements Completed for the Y. M. C. A. Conference.

The members of the local Young Men's Christian Association are looking forward with much interest to the annual conference of the associations of the Fifth and Sixth districts of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, which will be held here Friday, Saturday and Sunday next. The districts include the associations at Brockton, Whitman, Middleboro, Taunton, New Bedford, Attleboro and Fall River in Massachusetts; Newport, Providence, Pawtucket and Bristol in this state, and the students' associations at Brown University, East Greenwich Academy and the State Agricultural College at Kingston, and it is probable that at least 40 delegates will be present. The local association is expected to provide entertainment for the delegates, and the committee in charge is desirous of learning of all families who are willing to entertain.

The conference will be opened with a banquet and reception to the visiting delegates, Friday evening. A number of invitations have been issued among the business men of the city, and it is expected that there will be a large attendance. After-dinner speeches will be made by prominent men in Young Men's Christian Association work who will be among the delegates.

The first regular session of the conference will be held Saturday morning in the association rooms and will include papers on "The Need of Progressive Bible Study" by A. T. Stratton of Pawtucket, and on "The Unorganized Point" by E. G. Randal of Taunton.

The afternoon session will be held in the vestry of the Central Baptist Church, and will include papers on "To Every Man his Work," by William Knowles Cooper of Springfield, "The Indoor Contest" by William Burdick of this city, and "Religious Work in the Physical Department" by W. J. Davison of Fall River. The paper by Mr. Burdick is presented at the request of a number of delegates who have heard of the success of the indoor contests in the local gymnasium and will describe the work that has made this success possible. Mr. Cooper, who is to speak at this session, is general secretary of the Springfield association, one of the leading men in Association work, and in great demand as a speaker.

At the evening session, which will also be held in the Central Baptist Church vestry, E. M. Robinson of Boston will speak on the work for boys in the Young Men's Christian Association, his theme being "The Man of Tomorrow." The college association will be discussed by Mr. Arthur O. Pritchard of this city, a member of the senior class at Brown University, from the standpoint of the student, and by Rev. T. C. McClelland, Ph. D., from the standpoint of an alumnus, Dr. McClelland taking the place of Rev. E. H. Porter, whose illness will prevent him from speaking.

Sunday will be opened with a consecration service in the Association rooms, led by W. D. Fellows. At 10:15 prominent delegates will speak in the various churches in the city as follows: H. M. Moore of Boston at the United Congregational, W. K. Cooper of Springfield at the Central Baptist, R. M. Armstrong of Boston at the First Baptist, W. D. Fellows at the First Presbyterian, A. T. Stratton of Pawtucket at the Thames Street Methodist Episcopal, T. A. Hildreth of Indianapolis at the First Methodist Episcopal, E. M. Robinson of Boston at the Second Baptist, and E. G. Randel of Taunton at the Christian Church, Portsmouth.

In the afternoon the boys' meeting will be held in the Association rooms, the women's meeting at the First Methodist Episcopal and the men's meeting in the First Baptist Church. In the evening at 7 o'clock delegates will speak in the churches as follows: Mr. Moore at the Central Baptist, Mr. Cooper at the First Presbyterian, Mr. Fellows at the First Methodist Episcopal, Mr. Hildreth at the First Baptist, Mr. Armstrong at the Thames Street Methodist Episcopal and Mr. Robinson at the Second Baptist. At 8:15 the delegates will meet at the Central Baptist Church and hold a farewell service for an hour, Mr. H. M. Moore being in charge.

ASSOCIATION NOTES.

Recently a pledge of $1,000 was received for the Young Men's Christian Association building fund, making the amount already in hand or pledged slightly over $6,000. The donor's name for the present remains a secret. The plans for the new building are not yet complete, but it has been decided that the association will move from its present quarters to the Pell house May 1. It is hoped that the new gymnasium building may be started in time for use next autumn.

The chess match which has been in progress for some time has been completed with the exception of one game, Mr. Peckham's side having won 14 games and Mr. Curtis's 15. The remaining game is between Chaplain W. G. Cassard and W. S. Bacheller. Chaplain Cassard won his first game with Mr. Bacheller, and if he wins the second the score will be tied at 15 games each; if Mr. Bacheller wins, the Curtis side will have a margin of two games.

A handicap chess tournament is to be played soon, the entries closing tonight. The following are already entered: E. P. Chapin, D. A. Ross, G. P. Peckham, H. M. Sherman, F. R. Mathewson, E. Greene, E. H. Anthony, J. Royal Sanborn, E. Briggs, H. Stedman, F. A. Richardson, D. A. Lawton, W. A. Clarke, W. P. Bradley, R. P. Johnston and P. Bailey. The players will be divided into four classes, with varying handicaps.

Three matches have been played in the handball tournament, leaving three yet to be played in the first round. In addition to the Tobin-Price game, already reported, which Tobin won, H. G. Albro, Jr., defeated G. P. Peckham, 21-18, 21-11, and H. R. Chase defeated E. Greene, 21-20, 21-13.

Frank Corridon joined the gymnasium yesterday and will begin training for the base ball season. He will play with the Providence club.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY ENTERTAINMENT.

This evening at the Opera House the annual St. Patrick's day entertainment of St. Joseph's parish will include a minuet by 16 girls; "The Grandma's Party," by 13 girls; an operetta, "The Four-Leaved Clover," in three acts, by pupils of the Hazard Memorial School, and an exhibition by the Honnen boys in the silent manual of arms and Butt's rifle exercise, both very pretty. Mr. Earl C. Simmons will recite "Shamus O'Brien," and Miss Mary C. Curley will sing. Then comes the Irish farce, "The Limerick Boy," with specialties by D. J. Coffey, "Paddy Miles's Boy." The entertainment will close with a chorus, "O'Donell Aboo," in which all will participate. There has been a good sale of tickets and a large audience and an excellent performance are looked for.

MOUNT HOPE TO BE SOLD.

Tomorrow, at Fall River, a tract of land containing 60 acres, situated in and about the historic home of King Philip, of Indian war fame, will be sold at public auction, together with the buildings that have been erected on Mount Hope since the place was turned into a pleasure resort.

The Mount Hope Park Company was organized a year or two ago, with a capital stock of $30,000. The sum of $21,200 was paid in, and as improvements were necessary Mrs. Charles Worth of Providence accepted a mortgage, advancing $12,000.

In two years the profits of the park have amounted to $17,000, but there has been nothing paid on the mortgage except the interest. Mrs. Worth recently died, and it is in the settlement of her estate that the mortgage is foreclosed and the sale at public auction decided upon.

A year ago New Yorkers bid for the property, with the expressed intention to make a Coney Island out of it, but the company refused to sell. Since then a syndicate of local men expressed a willingness to buy the place. The figure offered, however, was not acceptable, and the company has retained the picturesque property until it is forced to sell it in open market.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

A painter employed here thought he was pretty good at jumping, and this morning when he found the Beaver Tail had started and that he would not get to work on time, he felt that an opportunity had arrived to show his agility; so he jumped. The boat continued on her way, and when the painter came down the boat wasn't there but the water was. Freight Clerk Knowles saw the accident and came to the rescue with a rope, which he skilfully threw to the struggling man, and pulled him ashore. The crew of the Beaver Tail in the meantime had also seen the mishap and put back into the slip, returning his lunch basket and hat which had landed safely on the deck. The man returned home, deciding that he was not so anxious to cross the bay as he thought he was.

Abram A. Brown and Maria E Brown, his wife, have sold to Thomas G. Carr a one fifth interest in the Cory estate on Canonicus avenue. Mr. Carr now owns the entire property.

Steam barge Notter has arrived, with a load of phosphate.

FIGHT LASTED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Cincinnati Carpenters Get Eight-Hours, at an Increase of Five Cents.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, March 14.—The boss carpenters, contractors and builders came to an agreement with the Carpenters and Joiners' Union last night to establish an eight hour day at $2.40 on the first of June. This is an increase of five cents an hour. The contract will be signed today. This ends a struggle which began 15 years ago.

Stole $1,310 from a Bureau Drawer.

WINTHROP, Mass., March 14.—It was learned here today that late yesterday afternoon an unknown person entered the house of Henry M. Belcher, a contractor here, and stole $1,310. Mr. Belcher had been paid the amount for work that had been done, and placed the money in a bureau drawer while he went to make a call with his wife. When he returned he discovered his loss. The police are investigating the matter.

HOW PHELPS LOST THE CHIEF JUSTICESHIP.

It is not generally known that the late Hon. Edward J. Phelps lost the chief justiceship of the United States because of his unfriendly attitude toward the Irish agitation for home rule while he was serving as minister to England. A story to that effect, emanating from reliable authority, is current in New Haven.

In effect the story is that during Mr. Phelps's term as minister at the court of St. James he took no pains to conceal his antipathy to the Irish agitation for legislative independence, led by Parnell, and prosecuted with intensity from 1885 to 1888.

March 23, 1888, Morrison R. Waite, chief justice of the United States, died in Washington. It became the duty of President Cleveland to fill the vacancy. Justice Field of California felt that the place belonged to him, but the President was not disposed to appoint him.

Senator Edmunds of Vermont, who had the credit of having brought Mr. Phelps to Mr. Cleveland's attention in 1885, interested himself to have him named for chief justice, and the President received the idea with favor. Mr. Phelps hurried over from England in order that the matter might be talked over between him and the President. It was commonly reported in Washington that he would be appointed.

A day or two after Mr. Phelps arrived in Washington, Congressman Patrick A. Collins of Boston found himself in the President's library by invitation. President Cleveland had heard something that Mr. Collins was reported to have said about the possible effects of the appointment of Mr. Phelps to Judge Waite's place. He asked the Massachusetts man about it, and he got this reply: "Well, Mr. President, if you make that appointment, I don't think it will be necessary to hold any Democratic convention at St. Louis."

The convention that was to re-nominate President Cleveland was already called to meet in that city June 5, and General Collins was to be the presiding officer. President Cleveland asked him to give his reasons for such a remark. Then General Collins proceeded to tell him that, so bitter was the feeling of the Irish-American voters toward Mr. Phelps, to make him the chief justice of the Supreme Court of the United States would render it utterly impossible for Cleveland to be re-elected. Therefore, he might as well not be re-nominated.

The President was surprised. He had not realized the strength of the anti-English sentiment in this country. It was evidently a thing to be taken into account by anybody who wanted the support of a united Democratic party.

The story goes that, while coming out of the White House, General Collins met Mr. Phelps going in. It was the morning when Mr. Phelps was to have been informed of his appointment as chief justice, but the order was not made, and he returned to London, to remain as minister another year, and Hon. Melville W. Fuller of Chicago was made chief justice of the United States.

A. Livingston Mason,

(Trustee Estate of Isaac Hartshorn.)

CARE and MANAGEMENT of ESTATES

HALIDON HALL, NEWPORT.

61 WESTMINSTER STREET, PROVIDENCE.

Rooms 44 and 45.

Work Horse.

FOR SALE—A good work horse. Apply to T. Samways, 118 Long wharf.

MUELLER,

SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN

ESTABLISHED 1884.

EYES

Scientifically examined, free of charge, and

GLASSES

Accurately fitted to correct all defects of vision.

196 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

LAND RECLAMATION BY IRRIGATION.

Eastern Business Men Alive to Its Importance in the West.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—"No investigation by the census office has aroused a more active and sympathetic interest than that relating to land reclamation by irrigation," says Hydrographer Newell, in charge of irrigation in both the census offices and the geological survey. "The East is quite as much alive to the importance of the subject as the West. Its manufacturers and jobbers see in the growing West a market of great absorbing capacity. The Canadians have set an example to the United States in the business-like way in which they have gone about the problem of the public domain. They also have vast tracts of arid land lying east of the Rocky mountains and north of Montana. In spite of a relatively low temperature they have demonstrated the success of irrigation in a broad and practical manner.

"The people of the adjacent state of Montana, seeing the good effects of such a policy, are eager to have similar surveys made of the public lands of that state, in order to show at a glance, on appropriate maps, the lands that may be irrigated and the water sources used for their reclamation, and (by reports) the cost of the same and benefits to be derived from adequate systems of storage reservoirs and high line canals. As a preliminary step, the census office is ascertaining what canals are now in operation, the extent and value of the existing works, and the area of production of irrigated lands."

A BIG TOWN MEETING.

Little Cosnold Votes Against License, 12 to 2.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., March 14.—The annual Cosnold town meeting was held March 12, with the following result:

Moderator, J. W. Tilton; town clerk, J. W. Tilton; treasurer and collector, Alonzo B. Veeder; assessors, D. P. Bosworth, A. B. Veeder and O. H. Stetson; selectman, three years, D. P. Bosworth; school committee, three years, C. C. Allen.

License—Yes, 2; no, 12.

Voted to raise $1,300 by taxation.

Appropriated $150 for repairs and improvements on school house and fence.

ATE POOR MAN'S FARE.

Prince and Princess of Wales Visit New Cheap Restaurant.

LONDON, March 14.—The Prince and Princess of Wales paid a surprise visit today to the new Poor Man's Restaurant in the East end, started by Sir Thomas Lipton's Alexandra trust. Their Royal Highnesses purchased tickets for dinners at 4½ pence, (10 cents) and each of them partook of the ordinary fare. The prince and princess afterwards inspected the premises, and received an ovation from thousands of working people.

Formidable Insurrection in Corea.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 14.—According to advices by steamer Gronogle, from Yokohama February 26, Prince Valdemar of Denmark had arrived and was to be lavishly entertained.

Advices from Seoul stated that an insurrection of formidable proportions had broken out in Hon King Do, Corea.

Glenwood Ranges

HAVE FOR 30 YEARS ON THEIR MERITS SOLD THEMSELVES.

Walsh Bros

222 THAMES STREET,

ARE THE AGENTS.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB'S TOURS.

ALL TRAVELING EXPENSES INCLUDED.

COLORADO, California,

THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST,

ALASKA

AND THE

YELLOWSTONE PARK, The Wonderland of America.

Parties will leave Boston in Special Vestibuled Cars with Dining Cars for Magnificent Sight-Seeing Tours, as follows;

No. 1, April 24, A 45 Days' Trip through Colorado, Utah, California, the Pacific Northwest, Montana, and the Yellowstone National Park.

No. 2, April 24, A 70 Days' Trip, the same as No. 1, with an added tour through Alaska.

No. 3, April 24, A 53 Days' Trip through New Mexico, Arizona, California, Nevada, Utah, and Colorado.

The Yosemite Valley may be visited in connection with either of these excursions.

Paris Exposition Tours April, May, June, July, August and September.

European Tour April 14.

☞ Send for descriptive book, mentioning the particular tour desired.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB,

296 Washington street, opposite School street, Boston.

THE QUAKER BATH CABINET.

Turkish or Vapor Baths in your own house.

IT IS THE ONLY BATH WHICH PRESERVES HEALTH.

PREVENTS COLDS, FEVERS, LA GRIPPE AND DISEASE.

There is no man, woman or child in the world whom Turkish and vapor cabinet baths will not benefit.

A $12 BATH CABINET FOR ONLY $5.

LANDERS & SON,

167 Thames Street, Covell's Block

AGENTS FOR NEWPORT.

Fresh Table Eggs.

LANDERS & PECKHAM,

142 THAMES STREET.

Telephone 126-5.

Special Sale!

Canned Goods Still Lower

TO CLOSE OUT ENTIRE STOCK,

Also 2 lbs. Lamb Chops, 25c.

H. F. ROONEY'S,

273 THAMES STREET.

25 DOZEN

Corsets,

In sizes 18 to 30, well worth 38 cents, at

25c. per pair.

Our "N. H." and "ROB ROY" Corsets, at 50c. are the best values in the city. We have them in white and drab, and in all sizes.

Our "FIBO" Corsets at 75c. are of much better quality than other makes at $1 per pair. They are made of heavy material, well boned, have good form and have a closing strip along the back which is generally well liked.

We have a very good line of

Nursing Corsets,

in white and drab, which we sell at 50c. per pair.

We have DR. WARNER'S Celebrated Corsets, at 87c. per pair. The general retail price is $1.

Levy's

76 BROADWAY.

Caswell, Massey & Co.,

NEW YORK AND NEWPORT.

Pure Distilled Water,

50c. for five gallon carboy.

This water is absolutely pure and is used in making all our mineral waters.

Obtained first from a deep artesian well, it is converted into steam, condensed, and aerated.

All Foreign and Native Waters on Hand.

SIPHONS OF SODA, VICHY,

LITHIA, SELTZER, $1.50 a doz.

PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT A SPECIALTY. NIGHT CLERK IN ATTENDANCE.

Heavy goods delivered at 12 M. and 5 P. M. Special messengers at all hours.

212 Thames St., Cor. Church St.

& Casino Building.

Hotel Thorndike, Jamestown.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Opera House.

Thursday Evening, March 15.

Charles Frohman's

Funniest French Farce,

THE GIRL FROM MAXIM'S!

"The Girl from Maxim's" is the wildest provoker of hilarity that has startled theatre-goers here this many a day. Don't say a word, don't read a word about her, but just go and laugh your head off at her mad pranks."—So says the Boston Herald.

Prices, 25c., 50c., 75c., $1 and $1.50.

Opera House.

Friday Evening, - - March 16.

THAT'S GOOD!

The Original and Only HOYT'S

A BUNCH OF KEYS

Or the Hotel.

GREATEST

Comedians, Singers, Dancers, Specialty Artists, Originalities, Novelties and more Entertainment to the minute than all others.

A REVELATION IN LYRIC ART.

Seats on Sale Thursday.

Prices 25c., 50c. and 75c.

OPERA HOUSE.

Annual St. Patrick's Day Entertainment.

For Benefit of St. Joseph's Church.

OPERETTA—"Four-Leaved Clover."

and FARCE—"The Limerick Boy."

Wednesday Eve'g, March 14,

Saturday Matinee, March 17.

TICKETS—50c., 35c. and 25c. Box office will be open all the week commencing Monday, March 12.

Brookfield Farm Eggs,

5 dozen for $1.

Brookfield Farm Cream, very thick and heavy, 30c. a jar.

Diamond Creamery Butter, 3 1-2 lbs. for $1.

—AT—

BROWN'S MARKET.

GETTING TOGETHER.

City Council Agrees to Submit Bond Issues Separately.

Business Left Unfinished a Week Ago Passed in Concurrence.

The City Council held a special meeting last evening and struggled again with the bond proposition which is to be submitted to the taxpayers at the state election, and finally adjourned after coming to an agreement that the several propositions be submitted separately, the whole matter being referred to the committee on finance, which is expected to submit at another special meeting to be called soon a number of resolutions properly drafted embodying the several amounts to be asked for. The aldermen first amended the resolution passed by the common council by striking out the clause directing that the premium from the sale of the bonds be applied to the sinking fund. The common council further amended the resolution by substituting for the clause appropriating $11,000 for the completion and improvement of the esplanade, a clause appropriating $15,000 for the building and equipment of an addition to the Townsend Industrial School to make available the Coles bequest for a professorship of natural sciences. The aldermen refused to concur in this latter amendment and after considerable discussion regarding the matter a conference committee was appointed, and recommended that resolutions embodying the several propositions be submitted to the taxpayers, and the whole matter was referred to the finance committee to prepare these resolutions in proper form.

Aside from the bond proposition the meeting was devoted to the concurrence by the common council in the several matters passed by the board of aldermen, and a few other matters of minor importance. Among the new matters favorably acted upon by the aldermen was a resolution authorizing the appropriation of $10,000 of the premium received from the sale of bonds, if the issue is approved, for the reconstruction of the sewer outlet on Briggs wharf. This was laid on the table in the common council.

The resolution submitting to the taxpayers the bond proposition, as passed by the common council a week ago, was the first matter considered by the aldermen. It provided for an issue of $130,000 in bonds, to be used for the following purposes: To cover the overdraft on the city treasury, $73,000; for equipping and furnishing the new city hall, $40,000; for the grading of Van Zandt avenue, $6,000, and for the improvement and completion of the esplanade, $11,000. The resolution provided that the premium to be received from the sale of bonds shall be applied to the sinking fund.

When the resolution was read Alderman Hamilton moved that the section applying the premium to the sinking fund be stricken out and this motion prevailed, and the resolution thus amended was sent back to the common council, where Mr. Stevens said he hoped the common council would not concur. This resolution, for the first time in the history of Newport, placed the premium on the bonds where it belongs, in the sinking fund. It will reduce the appropriation for the sinking fund. He then moved to substitute for the fourth section, the esplanade, a section which he submitted, that gave $15,000 for the construction of a building in the rear of the Townsend Industrial School and its equipment with proper laboratories, to carry out the provisions of the bequest for a Coles Professorship of Natural Sciences. He gave a long explanation to show that when $130,000 worth of bonds were issued there would be a surplus because he said the $73,000 deficit did not exist to that amount, and there would be a surplus of $56,000 not appropriated. To fill out the appropriations of departments cut down in the budget would not take over $20,000, leaving $36,000. To finish Van Zandt avenue and the sewer outlet would take $16,000, leaving $20,000 to be appropriated for any object. This would be available and could be used for the esplanade, leaving $5,000. His reason for substituting the school proposition for the esplanade was that the school was a new one and should first go to the people while the esplanade is an old one and the council could spend money on it, if it had it, without going to the taxpayers.

Mr. Murphy asked if the Townsend school was not older than the park. Mr. Stevens said this was a new building. Mr. Murphy said what he suggested was an addition, nothing else. The amendment was carried 8 to 7, as follows:

Ayes—Councilmen Albro, Groff, Gladding, Gibson, Sherman, Stevens, Bliss, Bowler, S.

Nays—President Korbuc, Councilmen Howard, Brady, Shanahan, Murphy, Morgan, Kelly, 7.

Mr. Stevens then said he hoped the council would not concur in the matter of the premium. There was no occasion for adding that $13,000 to the current funds. He moved that the board of aldermen be asked to have a committee on conference on the bond.

This was adopted, and Councilmen Stevens and Gladding were appointed. The council had taken no action on the resolution other than to substitute the school for the esplanade in section 4, but in some way the resolution was carried to the board of aldermen with the verbal request for a committee on conference. The mayor sent the resolution back to the common council and with it City Solicitor Brown to make an explanation.

In due course of time the city solicitor appeared before the lower board, and said that it was very necessary in the preliminary steps toward an issue of bonds to have everything right. The council had changed $11,000 to $15,000 but had not changed $130,000 to $134,000. He also said that the mayor asked for reasons, in writing, for a conference committee. No reasons had been given. He was told that the council had not yet finished with the bond resolution, and wanted a conference on it. He departed.

Mr. Stevens moved to amend the resolution by substituting $134,000 for $130,000 and it was done.

Mr. Stevens then presented a resolution of the common council requesting the board of aldermen to appoint a committee of conference to meet the common council in relation to the bond issue. It was passed and Councilmen Stevens and Gladding were again appointed. When this reached the board of aldermen the mayor said that the common council had no right to pass such a resolution and an attempt was made to make the councilmen see the matter in this light. City Solicitor Brown, who had left the City Hall, was sent for to again attempt to

FARMERS' NATIONAL CONGRESS.

Formidable Program Mapped Out for Its Meeting in August.

CHICAGO, March 14.—The executive committee of the Farmers' National Congress in session at the Palmer House last night fixed August 21-31 as the dates for holding the national meeting of the congress at Colorado Springs. Chairman B. F. Clayton of the congress said: "At the annual meeting the subjects of trusts, mail delivery in rural districts, sugar, extension of the signal service, the Nicaraguan canal and improvement of the Agricultural Department were discussed.

"We are a non-political body, representing immense wealth which seeks to better the condition of the agriculturist by rational methods. It was through our organization in the first place that the office of Secretary of Agriculture was made a cabinet position."

NO NEWS YET.

Missing Alaska Steamers Still Not Reported.

SEATTLE, Washn., March 14.—Two steamers have reached here from Alaska, but they brought no news of missing steamers Wolcott and Excelsior. Juneau newspapers published a story March 5 that a report had reached Sitka to the effect that the Wolcott had been wrecked off Kayak, Alaska. This information, it was asserted, had reached Sitka by Indians from the westward, who arrived before the Cottage City, which arrived here a week ago, sailed from Sitka. The Cottage City's officers say they never heard such a story.

A. G. McBride, who is in the city, said that the Indians reported the wreck of the Wolcott as having occurred January 7. As a matter of fact, she was seen at Unalaska January 24.

AT THE EXPENSE OF MRS. HEARST.

Experts to Make Excavations for the University of California.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14.—President Wheeler has announced to the regents of the University of California that experts of acknowledged repute have been engaged to make excavations and explorations in parts of the world rich with relics of ancient learning. The entire expense of the work will be borne by Mrs. Phoebe A. Hearst.

In Egypt Dr. George A. Reisner will have charge of the explorations, Dr. Uhle will pursue investigations in South America and Yucatan, and California, New Mexico and Mexico will be searched for specimens by Dr. Philip Mills Jones.

Dr. Alfred Emerson, recently professor in the Athens school of archaeology, is now on his way to this state to confer with Mrs. Hearst in regard to the work in Greece. The materials collected by the scientists will be placed in the archaeological museum to be established at Berkeley.

Rhode Island Pensions.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—William H Bowden, Rockland; George W. Cutting Providence.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Congressman Bull is at the Perry House.

—Fertilizer for the farming season has begun to arrive.

—A coal shed is being built on the end of Briggs wharf.

—Probate Clerk Hazard has been ill for several days.

—Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Coudray have returned from New York.

—Mr. and Mrs. George Gordon King are at the Muenchinger-King cottage.

—Paymaster T. J. Cowie, U. S. N., and Mrs. Cowie are visiting at Rahway, N. J.

—Auxiliary steam yacht Satanella, owned by Hon. Perry Belmont, has been chartered by the Earl of Warwick.

—Three-masted schooner Sarah C. Smith, which has wintered at Perry Mill wharf, is being put in order to go into commission.

—Mrs. Frank Brooker, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Christian Anderson, will return to New York this evening.

—The hull of the old ferryboat Jamestown is at the city dock, having been towed over from the west ferry by steamer H. S. Caswell.

—Two of the largest truss beams that ever reached Newport have arrived on two flat cars, for the new barracks at the Training Station.

—Owing to the several entertainments in honor of St. Patrick's day, the usual whist evening at St. Mary's hall is omitted this week.

—Mrs. H. Victor Newcomb will go abroad in May to join her daughter, Mrs. Reginald H. Ward, who has taken an apartment in Paris for several months.

—The woman who yesterday stole a pocketbook was arraigned today, and pleading guilty was fined $5 and costs. Being unable to pay, she was committed.

—Rev. Byron Gunner will give his lecture on "The Religious Condition of the New South and Its Bearing on the Race Problem" at the First Presbyterian Church this evening.

—Commander Raymond I. Rodgers, U. S. N., who is a relative of the Belmont family and well known in this city, has applied for retirement under the terms of the navy personnel act.

—Mrs. Lorillard Spencer returned from New York today. Tomorrow she will meet Nina Circle of King's Daughters, of which she is a member, at the residence of Miss Amelia Tanner.

—Captain H. C. Taylor is a member of the board appointed to arrange for the establishment of the proposed naval station at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii. Captain Taylor is visiting his family here for a few days.

—Each year since the inauguration of the custom the annual roll-call of the First Methodist Episcopal Church has proved a very enjoyable occasion, and the gathering this evening will include some features which are expected to make it no less so than usual.

—Mr. and Mrs. Albert C. Bostwick, the former the only son of the late J. A. Bostwick, president of the Standard Oil Company, will sail for Europe early in April. Mr. and Mrs. Bostwick will Paris and on the Continent, and on their return will open their country home in Westchester county.

—Mr. W. T. Libby has torn down the old Davis bakehouse in the rear of his shop on Broadway, and will erect in its place a Duhrkop oven, the first of this kind to be built in Rhode Island.

—Captain Kenyon of the Price's Neck life saving station says that February was the coldest month he remembers since he has been at the station; it was also one of the most disagreeable for the men.

—The finance committee of the City Council will meet this evening and prepare a proposition on the bond issue, in accordance with the recommendation of the conference committee. It may include the Coggeshall avenue proposition as well as those under consideration last night. The plan to give the taxpayers a chance to express their opinion on each individual proposition seems to be the most popular thing heard of in connection with the proposed issue of bonds.

—Commanders Washburn Maynard and Henry W. Lyon, two naval officers well known in Newport, have qualified for promotion to the rank of captain and will be appointed to the vacancies caused by the retirement of Rear Admiral Alexander H. McCormick and Captain George M. Book. Commander Lyon's promotion will make a place in the list of commanders to which Lieutenant Commander Herbert Winslow, executive officer of the Naval Training Station, will be promoted.

AROUND RHODE ISLAND

That British American residents in Pawtucket and vicinity are warm in their loyalty to Great Britain and her soldiers who have been battling in South Africa is shown by the amount of money collected for the British South African patriotic fund for the relief of the widows and children of soldiers who have fallen in battle. The final meeting of the soliciting committee of the fund was held last evening, when it was reported that the amount realized from the concert recently held was $315, making the total amount subscribed $2,567 85. It is estimated that 8,000 people in Pawtucket and vicinity subscribed to the fund, the largest contribution being $100 and the smallest 10 cents.

Joseph Leroy Harrison, librarian of the Providence Athenaeum, has been chosen to superintend the exhibit of the American Library Association at the Paris Exposition. He expects to sail for the French capital April 28, and will remain in charge of the exhibit until July. The exhibit will be along the same lines as the association's exhibit at the World's Columbian Exposition, except that it will be somewhat smaller. It is now being gotten together.

Notices were posted at the factory of the National India Rubber Company at Bristol yesterday afternoon that the various departments would close down next Saturday for two weeks, and that operations would be resumed Monday, April 2. It is customary for the factory to close down at this time of year to take account of stock and make repairs. Owing to the unfavorable rubber weather of the winter it was thought that the shutdown would be longer than two weeks, and the employes are agreeably surprised that it is to be no longer. Upwards of a thousand hands are employed when the shop is running on full time. While the factory is closed an account of stock will be taken and repairs will be made on the machinery.

PRINCESS CANTACUZENE NOT SERIOUSLY ILL.

A cable from St. Petersburg says that Mrs. Frederick D. Grant arrived there from Washington Monday night, with a trained nurse, to assist in nursing her daughter, Princess Cantacuzene Speransky, who has been ill several weeks with a slight attack of typhus. On her arrival at Southampton Mrs. Grant received telegrams from Prince Cantacuzene-Speransky, stating that the princess had not been seriously ill and was much improved. Mrs Grant says that although her daughter is not able to sit up she is rapidly convalescing.

IVORINE Washing Powder
24 OZ. PACKAGE 10¢
The fact that Ivorine is made by the proprietors of Williams' Famous Shaving Soaps is a sure guarantee of its superiority.

THE TRADES.

GODDARD & BARLOW,
PRACTICAL
Tinsmiths and Metal Workers.
Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.
REAR 192 THAMES STREET.

Floor Tiles.
J. B. COTTRELL,
Marble and Granite Worker
Work done in the best manner.
WARNER STREET. Opposite Island Cemetery

M. A. McCORMICK,
Carpenter & Builder.
ESTIMATES GIVEN AND JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Office and Residence, 31 Dearborn St. Telephone.

Charles H. Burdick & Sons,
CONTRACTORS and BUILDERS.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY.
Shop, Rear 33 Howard Street.
Office 43 Howard Street.
P. O. Box 128. Telephone.

Smith Bosworth & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS,
WINDOW FRAMES, ETC.
WEST BROADWAY.

U. G. NASON,
Jopper, Tin, Sheet Iron and Furnace Work
Tin Roofing and General Jobbing
promptly attended to.
12 WEST BROADWAY.

TAYLOR & HOWARD,
House Painters and Decorators,
14 WEAVER AVENUE.

Does Your House Need Painting?
IF SO IT DOES NOT PAY TO LET IT GO. SEE HURLEY ABOUT IT.
CROSS AND BRIDGE STREETS.

P. J. MURPHY,
Practical Plumber,
OFFICE AND SHOW ROOMS
161 & 165 Spring St.

Slag Roof.
IT IS THE BEST ROOF KNOWN FOR FLAT SURFACES.
Warranted to last not less than 15 years and not over 20 years. Made with 5-ply, tarred felt and tar and gravel on top.
Estimates cheerfully given.
GEO. O'BRIEN, Roofer,
26 Bellevue Ave. and Prison St.
Also special low prices on slate roofing.

MICHAEL KIRBY,
Contractor and Builder,
Corner Homer and Garfield Streets.
ALL WORK DONE IS FIRST-CLASS AND PLEASES PATRONS.
GIVE ME A TRIAL ON A HOUSE, STABLE OR ANYTHING.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

W. H. COFFIN,
Carpenter and Builder,
Langley's Wharf, Opp. Postoffice,
RESIDENCE 78 BROADWAY.
Jobbing promptly attended to.

F. A. ALLAN, JR.,
Contractor and Builder.
Residence and Shop, 15 Gibbs Ave.
TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

Removal!
LINCOLN HAMMETT & CO.
HAVE REMOVED THEIR PLACE OF BUSINESS FROM 71 MILL ST. TO
32 MILL STREET.
Bells of all kinds put in and repaired.

HUNTING



is steadily growing more popular in this country.

A few years ago Newport was the only place where any interest was taken in it.

Now there are many hunt clubs, the Essex County and Norfolk County being the nearest at home, and the Hunt Breakfasts and meets are keenly enjoyed.

Hunting no doubt has its pleasures, but finding is better still.

If you are hunting for a really delicious coffee, buy Chase & Sanborn's coffee and you will find what you were hunting for.

These coffees will make your Hunt Breakfast or any other meal a delightful event.

Those who have learned by experience and wish to be absolutely sure that they are getting pure coffee and the best coffee, without a grain of adulteration, ask for and insist upon having Chase & Sanborn's Coffees.

There is none better on the market.

The fact that these coffees bear the seal of Chase & Sanborn is in itself a sufficient guarantee that they are full weight and in every way perfect.

Seal Brand Coffee comes in one and two-pound tin cans, and their other high grades in richly colored parchment-lined imported bags.

Chase & Sanborn's Coffees.

INSTRUCTION.

Do You Wish a Good Business Position?
There are places for all who are capable. We will prepare you for a good position and help you get it too. Expense moderate. You can begin any time. Sessions day and evening. Get full particulars.
NEWPORT BUSINESS COLLEGE,
4 Washington Square.
A. M. STEED, Prin.

MISS OPITZ,
Of Dresden and New York, offers her services as
Instructress in Piano and German.
Pupils taught Piano in the German language if desired. Children's classes formed. Address 31 Clarke street. Refers to former patrons in Newport and New York.

Alfred G. Langley, A. M.,
PRIVATE TUTOR.
Piano Instruction and Accompanying.
School Street. Call from 1:30 to 3 P. M.

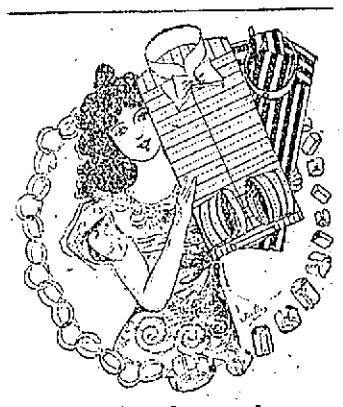
TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.
EASTERN DISTRICT.
Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.
On and after Oct. 30, 1899, trains will leave Newport for Boston, Terminal station, week days, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, ♦9:15 p. m. Return, 6:42, 8:42, 10:42 a. m.; 12:42, 3:48, 4:42, ♦6:00, 6:42 p. m. MIDDLETOWN AND PORTSMOUTH, 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, ♦9:15 p. m. PORTSMOUTH GROVE (flag stop), 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER and TAUNTON, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, ♦9:15 p. m. MIDDLEBORO, 9:20, 11:00 a. m., 3:00, 5:00 p. m. HYANNIS, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. PROVINCETOWN, 3:00 p. m. PLYMOUTH, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. FITCHBURG, and Stations on Northern Division, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. LOWELL, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. COTTAGE CITY, 11:00 a. m. PROVIDENCE, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m.; 1:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, and 8:30 p. m.
SUNDAYS for BOSTON, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 6:27, 8:15 a. m.; 12:35, 4:28 p. m. For PROVIDENCE, 7:30, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 7:30, 9:30 a. m.; 1:30, 5:30, 8:30 p. m. For PORTSMOUTH GROVE, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00, ♦9:15 p. m. For MIDDLETOWN, PORTSMOUTH, BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER, SOMERSET, DIGHTON, NORTH DIGHTON, WEIR VILLAGE and TAUNTON, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00, ♦9:15 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 5:00 p. m.
♦ Boat from Fall River.
e Wharf Station.
A. C. KENDALL, Gen'l. Pass. Agent, Boston
C. PETER CLARK, Gen'l. Supt., Boston.

OFFICIAL TIME TABLE.
Newport & Fall River Street Railway Co.
Leave Fall River for Newport—**6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:15 a. m.; 12:35, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, *9:45, *10:45 p. m.
Leave Newport for Fall River—**7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 a. m.; 12:50, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, *5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, *10:45 p. m.
* To Portsmouth car house only.
** Not run Sunday.
Subject to delays, changes and corrections without notice.
Office at Portsmouth, R. I., is connected with long distance telephone. Special cars may be had upon application at the office of this company or at the office of the Globe Street Railway Co., at Fall River.
R. S. GOFF, General Manager.

For Block Island.
Steamer G. W. Danielson, Captain Dodge, will leave Commercial wharf Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 1:00 p. m. Returning, leave Block Island Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 8 a. m., weather permitting.

Farmers' Headquarters,
THE GEO. A. WEAVER CO.,
NEWPORT, R. I.
Just received, seven carloads of the noted
"Swift Sure" Fertilizer
and one carload of SEED POTATOES, which are in cellar ready for delivery. This stock is fine. Our prices for cash trade will surprise you.
We have two carloads of POTATOES to arrive about the 20th inst.
Field Seeds.---
A full line of Clover, Timothy and Cleaned Red Top, which we own at very low prices and offer on small margins for cash.
Remember, we meet all competition in prices while our stock is the choicest. A full line of GARDEN and FLOWER SEEDS. PLOWS, CULTIVATORS, HARROWS and everything for the farm. A solid disc HARROW for $19, if you set it up. This would be cheap at $22 in these times.
5-tine FORKS for 85c. 6-tine FORKS for 90c., worth more money but we want your trade.
A full line of HARNESS at prices to suit.



Empire Laundry.
Hand Work Only. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Orders left at the laundry, 155 Prospect Hill Street, or at 120 and 174 Thames Street, will receive prompt attention.

The Daily News Job Office
Has every facility for doing any kind of
Commercial or Pamphlet Printing,
At short notice and at a reasonable price. Estimates given.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY

FALL RIVER LINE.
For New York, the South and West
Steamers PLYMOUTH and PILGRIM in commission. A fine orchestra on each.
Leave Newport week days only at 9:15 P. M. Due New York 7:00 A. M.
Returning from New York steamers leave Pier 19, N. R., foot of Warren street, week days only at 5:00 P. M.
Eastward steamers touch at Newport, remaining here until 3:45 A. M. before proceeding to Fall River.
For tickets and staterooms apply at New York & Boston Dispatch Express Office, 272 Thames street, J. J. Greene, Ticket Agent.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.
O. H. TAYLOR, General Passenger Agent, New York.

Providence, Fall River & Newport STEAMBOAT CO.
ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 17, LEAVE NEWPORT FOR
Providence
Week days only 8:30 a. m. Leave Providence for Newport week days only 4 p. m.
Mondays and Saturdays only stop at Prudence each way. Stop at Conanicut Mondays only each way.
Special Saturday Excursion 75c. Good to return only at 4 p. m. same day or following Monday.
B. BUFFUM, Supt. Transportation.
ARTHUR H. WATSON, President.

Jamestown & Newport Ferry Co.
FROM FOOT OF MARKET SQUARE, NEWPORT.
On and after October 5, 1899,
Steamer Conanicut or Beaver Tail
Will run as follows:
Leave Jamestown—6:15, 8:15, 10:00, (U. S. Mail); 11 a. m.; 12:50, 2:00, 3:30, 5:00, (U. S. Mail); 6:00 p. m.
Leave Newport—6:45, 9:30, 10:30, (U. S. Mail); 12:00 a. m.; 1:30, 2:30, 4:30, (U. S. Mail); 4:30, 6:30 p. m.
SUNDAYS.
Leave Jamestown—9 a. m.; 12:30, 4 p. m.
Leave Newport—9:30 a. m.; 1:00, 4:30 p. m.
Subject to change without notice.

Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.
"The Wickford Route."
IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 1, 1899.

LEAVE	A M	P M	P M	P M
Newport,	♦10:00	*1:20	*4:10	*7:35
Providence, arrive,	11:50	3:18	5:50	9:55
Boston, arr.,	1:15	4:30	7:00	11:00
New York, arr.,	4:30	6:07	11:00,	B
	P M	P M	P M	P M
LEAVE	A M	A M	A M	P M
New York,	e*12 02	*5 00	*10 03	*1 02
Boston,		10 03	1 03	3 00
Providence,		11 11	2 10	4 15
Newport, arr.,		6 35	1 00	4 00	6 40
		A M	P M	P M	P M

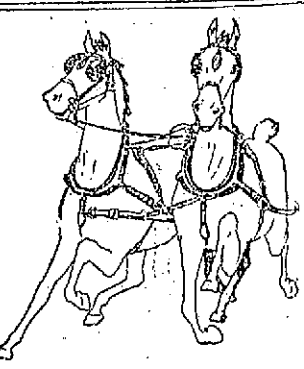
* Daily except Sundays.
B Washington Express due Harlem River Station, New York, 2:05 A. M.; Philadelphia, 6:40 A. M.; Baltimore, 9:29 A. M.; Washington 10:32 A. M.
e Following this train is the through Federal Express (via Harlem River) leaving Washington at 5:00 P. M.; Baltimore 6:58 P. M.; Philadelphia 8:10 P. M., due at Wickford Junction 3:11 A. M.; Newport, 6:35 A. M.
For tickets and drawing room chairs apply on steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co.'s office, 20 Bellevue avenue.
C. U. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

The Muenchinger-King and Hill Top Cottages,
NEWPORT, R. I.
Families or private parties, transient or permanent, accommodated at the above cottages, opposite Newport Reading Room.
BELLEVUE AVENUE.

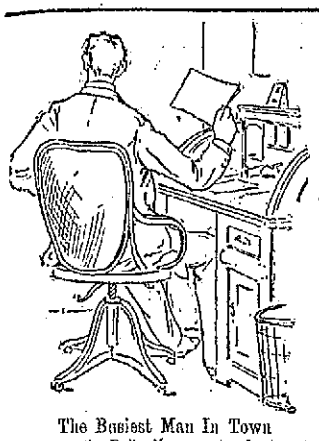
WINTER BOARD.
A few rooms now vacant at Nason Cottage. Sanitary plumbing, hot water heat, house comfortable and pleasant.
GEO. NASON, 26 Mill Street.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.
Boston & Philadelphia Steamship Co.,
—FROM—
Fall River to Philadelphia Direct,
Every Wednesday and Saturday,
At 6 P. M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water lines to the south and west. Close connection made with all points on the N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad.
Quick Despatch. Prompt Delivery.
Mark goods WINSOR LINE.
For rates and other information apply to
J. H. JORDAN, Agent N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. or to H. J. Jernegan, Agent, Derrick Wharf, Fall River.
E. B. SAMPSON, Gen'l. Manager, Boston, Mass.

HAY, GRAIN, MEAL, ETC.
Wheat
$20 per ton.
$1.10 per cwt.
We have received a carefully selected stock of all new
Grass Seeds.
It will pay you to examine before purchasing elsewhere.
The Chas. E. Spooner Co.,
COMMERCIAL WHARF.
Hay, Grain and Straw, Salt, etc.
D. Shanahan, Commercial Wharf.



Robes and Blankets
Stable Blankets from 75c. up.
—AT—
HENRY BIESEL & SONS'
256 & 258 THAMES STREET.
Winter Board for Horses.
Practicing veterinary in full charge of stable. 16 acre paddock perfectly smooth and no barbed wire. Stable ventilation perfect. For further particulars apply at BATEMAN'S.



The Busiest Man In Town

always uses the Daily News want columns when he wants anything in a hurry. And his wants are promptly filled.

That's the thing for you to do when you have a want. It's the only way to speak to thousands of people quickly at a trifling cost.

You can't afford a slow way in this hustling age.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—A situation to sew with a dressmaker by an experienced woman. Apply at 58 Thames street, upper bell.

WANTED—Situation as cook in a small family. Address Box 16, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation to do general housework. Apply at 603 Carey street.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A young man for a traveling position with a Boston House. Experience unnecessary. Address Box 33, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A gardener to work on shares; private place. Box 40, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A lady to represent a Boston Manufacturing House in Newport Co. Experience unnecessary. Address Box 34, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Agents, Male and female. The New York Life Ins. Co. has lately adopted a new system of compensating agents under which steady and persistent work is rewarded by suitable titles and an increasing and permanent income is secured. Both men and women of character and energy with or without experience who can devote all or a portion of their time are invited to respond in person or by letter to Louis C. Newman, Agency Director, 910-913 Banigan Bldg., Providence, R. I.

GENERAL WANTS.

WANTED—A second-hand showcase and counter; state price. Address Box 7, Daily News Office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—About $50 in bank bills of different denominations. The finder will be rewarded. Address Box 41, Daily News Office.

LOST—Gray chinchilla muff. Please return to Miss La Farge, 10 Sunny Side place, and receive reward.

LOST—March 8, fountain pen, with elastic round cap. Please return to Box 51, Daily News Office.

TENEMENTS, ROOMS AND BOARD.

TO LET—Restaurant, all furnished, good location. Can have use of cooking utensils; also table ware; reasonable rates to the right parties. Box 45, Daily News Office.

WANTED—By lady whose business keeps her much from home, two or three unfurnished rooms in central part of city. Box 12, Daily News Office.

TO LET—2-room tenement, 1 lower East court, $4. City water. 4-room tenement, Pond avenue, $7.50. City water. Apply W. S. Cooper, 62 Mill street.

TO LET—A first-class tenement of 6 rooms, second floor; rent low. Apply 45 Williams street, second bell.

TO LET—Furnished rooms with gas, heat and bath. Box 42, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Upper part of house at 14 Central court; eight rooms; conveniences. Apply on premises.

WANTED—Cottage or half house of seven or eight rooms, centrally located, with conveniences. Rent not to exceed $20. Address Box 55, Daily News Office.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING

Interesting Offerings in New

SPRING FLOWERS.

Roses and Violets, 25c. a bunch.

M. E. TOBIN,

46 & 48 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Great Reduction in Prices

—OF—

MILLINERY GOODS

AT THE

Broadway Millinery Store,

G. H. KIRBY, - 86 Broadway

NOW IS THE TIME

To Buy Novelties and French Patterns at Half Price.

N. L. MASON, - 18 BROADWAY.

GOLF HATS, 25c.,

Former Price 75c., $1.25, $1.75 and $2.

F.N. Dawley. 111 Thames St.

A. M. DUNPHY, DRESSMAKER,

Formerly of Park Square, Boston, HAS OPENED PARLORS AT 5 MOUNT VERNON STREET.

Dent's Kid Gloves

Cost $17.35 per dozen in New York. We sell them for $1.37 per pair.

All our Furnishing Goods must be sold and our prices are right to sell them.

W. C. LANGLEY & SON

174 THAMES STREET.

Dress Suit Case,

All leather, $3.50.

Also a lot of Heavy Blacksmith's Aprons.

Geo. Gratrix, 98 Broadway.

CONDITIONS IN CUBA.

Settlement of Its Affairs a Grave Problem.

Personal Investigation to Be Made by a Committee.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—In the opinion of many eminent men in congress the settlement of Cuban affairs presents graver problems than either those of the Philippines or Porto Rico. It is because of this impression that Senator Platt of Connecticut, Aldrich of Rhode Island and Teller of Colorado, representing the committee on relations with Cuba, have decided to visit the island and ascertain as far as possible the conditions existing there. These senators have been reading the reports of the United States officers, they have had General Brooke, who was military governor of the island, before them in committee and have examined with considerable care documents relating to Cuba, but they still have a dearth of knowledge which would enable them to form an opinion as to what should be done. It is to make a personal inspection to get information at first hand and see for themselves the conditions of the island that determined these senators to go to Cuba this winter. It is the first "junket" of any distance that a committee of congress has taken in some years.

Senate Holds Evening Sessions.

The clerks in the office of the secretary of the senate have had an opportunity for a few evenings to exercise their powers in reading. The Alaska bill, containing over 600 pages, is read at evening sessions because the senate cannot give time to the reading on legislative days. The most interesting feature of this method of consideration is the persistence of Senator Bate of Tennessee, who attends the sessions and insists that every word shall be read, according to the rule of the senate. Sometimes the reading clerk attempts to skip a few pages at a time, but the vigilant Tennessee senator calls him to account immediately. Efforts are made from time to time by some of the senators to get Mr. Bate out of the chamber, but without avail. He sits right there from the beginning to the end of the session, following the bill line by line as it is read. Senator Bate says it would be a farce not to read the bill, but the senators anxious to pass it think the reading in the presence of half a dozen senators, none of whom listens save Senator Bate, is still more of a farce, but the rule is enforced just the same.

Could Not Be Bribed.

Representative Berry of Kentucky tells a story about an attempt to bribe a Kentucky man many years ago. I can't give his name, because he still has many relatives living in Kentucky, and the story is not wholly to the man's credit. This particular Kentucky representative was a hard drinker, played cards pretty high and was proverbially hard up. One day he was going away from the capitol and was not feeling particularly well, as he owed $4,500 that he really felt he should pay. Down on Pennsylvania avenue he met a man who had a bill before congress. "Colonel," said the man (they had as many "colonels" in Kentucky then as now), "I have a bill up there in the house which will be called up tomorrow, and if you will make a speech for it I am sure it will go through." He passed the colonel an envelope and went on. This envelope contained a $100 bill. The colonel walked along, thinking about it. After dinner he went out to a place where there was a faro "layout" and invested the $100 in chips and began to play. The luck was with him, and late the next morning he found himself $5,000 ahead of the game, and he "cashed in." He went to bed and slept long. The bill for the man who had given him the money was called up and beaten. The colonel was not there to speak upon it. On his way to the capitol later the men met, and the indignant citizen began to berate the colonel for his failure to help the bill. "See here, you ——— ———!" responded the colonel. "Here is your dirty $100! I remained away because I would have felt compelled to denounce you on the floor if I had been there. Now, don't you attempt to bribe a Kentucky gentleman again." The colonel paid his debts and had a few hundred "velvet" and was proud in the consciousness that he was not bribed.

The Pacific Cable Bill.

A cable bill has been reported in each branch of congress, the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce favoring a bill to have the cable constructed by a company and granting a subsidy for a term of years from the United States treasury. The senate committee on naval affairs has reported a bill for a cable built and owned and operated by the United States government, under the direction of the secretary of the navy. Between these two bills it is possible that the cable will fail. There are a great many opponents of the Pacific cable in congress anyway, no matter whether built by the United States or by private enterprise. There is also serious opposition to granting any subsidy for a cable, and if the forces in favor of the cable are divided it will tend to prevent any favorable action at this session. Perhaps the conflicting interests may be adjusted on account of the demand for a cable.

ARTHUR W. DUNN,

WATER.

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 6 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

FLED ONLY AT DUSK.

Boers Stubbornly Contested the Advance to Driefontein.

DRIEFONTEIN, Orange Free State, March 11.—General Roberts's advance across the scorching plains from Poplar Grove here yesterday was marked by the most severe day's engagement since crossing the Modder river. The Boers stubbornly contested every foot of ground, only fleeing at dusk, when Lord Roberts threw most of his troops against the centre of their weakened line.

At the point where Colonel Broadwood turned the Boers' left he found himself under the fire of their nine-pounders. The Boers, however, ultimately hoisted the white flag. When Broadwood advanced he was surprised to find the Boers had taken advantage of the cessation of fire to escape during the night.

The Transvaal prisoners showed they were entirely surprised by Lord Roberts's tactics.

A Free Stater whose house President Kruger occupied during the Boer flight from Ostontein said he complained to the president about the depredations of the Transvaalers, whereupon the president replied: "No wonder we are beaten. The burghers entered into the war to fight for a righteous cause, but now they have developed into horse and cattle stealers."

DISEASE AND DEATH.

Garrison at Mafeking Suffering from the Stress of the Siege.

LONDON, March 13.—A despatch to the Times from Mafeking, dated Monday, March 5, says the garrison at that place are feeling acutely the stress of the siege. They are reduced to the use of horse flesh and bread made from horse forage, while the water is parasitically contaminated. Typhoid, dysentery and diphtheria are epidemic, but it is impossible to isolate the victims. The sufferings of the women and children are terrible, and there are deaths in the women's laager daily. The native population is starving.

The military operations progress favorably. They have been extended to the brick fields, whence the enemy has been completely expelled.

A number of cablegrams have been received from Mafeking today, including one to a Birmingham firm, asking it to ship goods immediately, thus indicating the belief of the speedy relief of the place.

Lady Georgiana Curzon also received the following despatch from Lady Sarah Wilson, at Mafeking:

"Delighted to receive your cable of February 20. All well March 1."

The latter message was despatched from Mafeking, March 4, by way of Colonel Plumer's camp.

The indications are that Colonel Plumer was at Lobatsi March 9, and as it is only 57 miles thence to Mafeking definite news ought to be speedily forthcoming.

GERMANY STOOD READY.

Only Demanded That Both Belligerents Should Desire Peace.

BERLIN, March 13.—It is semi-officially announced that, when the Orange Free State and the Transvaal addressed to a number of the larger and smaller states a request for friendly mediation, the German government replied that it would willingly participate provided the essential condition of such mediation were present; namely, the certainty that both belligerents desired it.

RIVERS RAGING.

Their Overflowing Causes Serious Floods in Northern Illinois.

CHICAGO, March 13.—Reports are received here today showing that serious floods are prevailing in the northern portion of Illinois by the overflowing of the Illinois, Desplaines, Fox, Sangamon and Kankakee rivers. Much live stock and property have already been destroyed.

At La Salle, the Illinois river and tributary streams are now 14 feet above normal height and still rising. Not since 1892 has there been so much water in this vicinity, and if the rivers continue to rise during the next 24 hours the damage to property will be enormous.

One pump at the water works is shut down, the engineers are working in 20 inches of water, and Superintendent Walker says that one foot more of water will mean the stoppage of the entire plant, thus placing the city in jeopardy from fire. The fires in the engine room of the Dickinson cement works are extinguished and the kilns flooded.

At Peru, Water street is flooded and store basements are filled with water, doing much damage to merchants' reserve stocks. Fears are entertained that the fires of the big Illinois Zinc Company's works may be reached by the rapidly rising water, which already covers part of the company's premises. If the water should rise two feet higher 500 workmen at the Peru plow works will be thrown out of employment.

At Peoria the Illinois river is out of its banks, and is doing considerable damage along the valley. It is still rising.

At Havana the Herget levee on the Sangamon river broke last night, compelling 300 families to flee to higher ground. Much stock has been lost.

At Lorenzo John Zipp's family, living on an island at the junction of the Kankakee and Desplaines rivers, had a narrow escape. The entire island was submerged and the family found refuge on a large cake of ice, and were carried several miles down stream before rescued. The house and all the stock were destroyed.

At Pontiac the Vermilion river is higher than it has been for the last 20 years. Several negro families had a narrow escape from drowning and were compelled to leave their residences for safety.

GROCERIES.

WE SELL

Bennett, Simpson & Co's

PURE SPICES.

They are not only pure but they are ground from thoroughly cleaned, best quality, whole spices. There is nothing better. They are the best put up.

Peckham & Manchester,

BROADWAY.

Directly opposite the New City Hall.

AT PHIL. STEVENS'S,

48 & 50 Thames Street.

5-lb. can Coffee, GROUND OR IN THE BEAN, $1.00

2-lb can Coffee, - - - - .40

1-lb. can Coffee, - - - .25

These coffees are guaranteed.

PURE GOLD FLOUR,

The Best on the Market.

☞All checks given at this store cashed at the Bijou, 59 Thames street.

ESTABLISHED 1814,

Strictly Fresh RhodeIslandEggs

25c. per doz.; 5 doz. for $1.

GOOD THINGS.

B. & M. Coffee at 32c. Bremangelon, 15c.; 2 for 25c. 1-lb. Jar R.C. Jelly, 30c. Cheese Straws, 15c. Oscar's Sauce. Cocktail Catsup. Minuet Wafers. Nashvilles.

C. Sherman & Co.,

243 & 245 Thames Street.

Telephone 351-2.

EVERYONE SHOULD KNOW

That I REPAIR Sewing Machines, Bicycles, Cash Registers, Typewriters, Engines, Boilers, and all kinds of machinery, at my new shop, 6 Marlboro street. Now is the time to have your wheel put in order for spring. Send me a postal of your wants. I will call and give your order prompt attention.

GEO. W. SMITH,

MACHINIST AND GENERAL JOBBER.

6 MARLBORO STREET.

An Epicure's Idea.

Pineapple Jelly made with

KEYSTONE

Silver White

GELATINE

Recipes with every box.

If your grocer cannot supply you, send us his name and we will send you a sample package free, with recipes by the leading cooks of the country. A full size box mailed for 15 cents.

MICHIGAN CARBON WORKS, Detroit, Mich.

The largest makers of gelatine in the world.

GROCERIES.

New Shellbarks.

We have just received another large lot of those Fancy New Shellbarks.

If you had any of the previous lot you know they were all right, and these are all right, and the weather is just right to sit by the fire and crack them. They will go quick at

6c. a quart,

5 quarts for 25c.

37c. a peck

—AT—

The Boston Grocery,

BROADWAY, OPPOSITE NEW CITY HALL.

O. F. WILCOX, Prop'r.

Telephone 339-5.

Arrived today, a carload of the very best

SPRUCE KINDLING WOOD,

15 bundles for 25c.

65 bundles for $1.

James A. Eddy,

Cash Grocery and Market,

256 THAMES STREET.

Telephone No. 110.

FINANCIAL.

E. L. DOUCETTE & CO.,

Commission Brokers,

233 Thames Street.

Interest allowed on deposits subject to check.

Execute all orders through Members New York and Boston Stock Exchanges, New York Cotton Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.

PRIVATE WIRE.

THE CONSOLIDATED MINING CO. of RUSSIAN AMERICA.

(INCORPORATED).

Capital Stock, $500,000. Full Paid and Non-Assessable.

A limited number of shares is offered for sale by the company at $.75 (seventy-five cents) per share par value per share $1, which price can only be maintained for a short time, when the price will advance rapidly.

Certificates of stock will be delivered at the office of the Vice President, A. C. Tilus, Thames street, or at the office of F. J. Davis, Secretary, 40 Pelham street, Newport, R. I.

For further information as to the plan of operating, etc., apply to

President, HON. MELVILLE BULL.
Treasurer, CHARLES P. STERNE.
General Manager, E. P. SCANLAN.

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Rooms 1 and 2, Kinsley Building, Thames Street. Telephone No. 418.

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Stock Broker,

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Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold for Cash or on Margin.

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Dealer in

NEW YORK & BROOKLYN FINANCIAL

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F. S. & S. P. BARKER, 105 Broadway.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 14, Wall Street.—The stock market opened heavy, with American Steel & Wire at 59⅝, Atchison preferred 68¼, Burlington 124⅞, Continental Tobacco 20⅝, Federal Steel 50⅜, Leather 12⅝, Manhattan 94½, Missouri Pacific 46, New York Central 134⅝, Brooklyn Transit 69, People's Gas 98, Rock Island 108¼, Sugar 104, St. Paul 123½, Southern preferred 58¾, Tennessee Coal & Iron 94¾, Tobacco 166¾, Union Pacific 49⅝, Union Pacific preferred 74⅝, and Third Avenue 58.

10—Opening prices on the Stock Exchange showed declines of a small fraction all through the list. Sugar, Amalgamated and the local traction stocks yielded about a point. There was a small sprinkling of gains, but the main tendency was downwards.

11—The specialties continued the weakest feature. Tennessee Coal going off almost three points. A demand for the Grangers which put Burlington up a point checked the general selling, and there were some notable recoveries. Third Avenue was a marked exception, sagging to 56. The failure of this stock to sympathize with the movement induced a renewed demonstration against People's Gas and Brooklyn Transit, which affected the whole list.

Noon—Money on call, firm, at 6 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5 @ 6½ per cent; sterling exchange, steady, at $4.85⅝ for demand and $4.82 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.83½ and $4.87; commercial bills, $4.81⅞ @ 82½; silver certificates, 60¼ @ 61½; bar silver, 59¾; Mexican dollars, 47¾; government bonds, strong. The market displayed its recently characteristic dullness when prices were declining. The railroad stocks were supported and well taken at all concessions. Third Avenue, which had dropped to 56, rallied to 58¾, but fell back to the lowest. The general market moved narrowly in sympathy. Bonds were dull but slightly higher.

NEW YORK, March 14. Noon.

Atchison	23⅜
Atchison preferred	67½
Canada Southern	49
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	125½
C., C., C. & St. Louis	59½
Delaware & Hudson	114½
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	180
Erie	12½
Illinois Central	113
Lake Shore	194
Louisville & Nashville	51½
Manhattan	94
Metropolitan Traction	184
Missouri Pacific	45½
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	10½
New Jersey Central	116⅝
New York Central	134½
Northern Pacific	59⅝
Northern Pacific preferred	74
Northwestern	162½
Ontario & Western	20½
Oregon Navigation	42
Reading	18
Rock Island	108⅞
St. Paul	123½
St. Paul preferred	173½
Southern Pacific	28½
Texas & Pacific	10⅛
Union Pacific	49½
Union Pacific preferred	74⅜
Wabash	6⅝
Wheeling & Lake Erie	10
Adams Express	115
Wells, Fargo Express	122
American Sugar	2
American Tobacco	105⅜
Continental Tobacco	39½
Continental Tobacco preferred	85½
General Electric	196
Lead	34½
Pacific Mail	37⅞
Pullman Palace Car	183½
Sugar Refining	109⅝
Tennessee Coal & Iron	100⅛
Leather	10½
U. S. Rubber	27½
Western Union	83

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Open all the year.

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Leading hotel in the city. Open all the year. Completely renovated and refurnished. First-class in every respect, with all modern improvements. Rates, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 per day, according to location. Rates to parties by the week or month. For further information regarding rooms, etc., address WM. S. O'BRIEN, Proprietor.

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New, Fireproof, All Modern Conveniences.

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For convenience of situation and delightful exposure, The Everett heads the list. Thoroughly modernized. Cuisine of acknowledged excellence. European plan. Popular prices.

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American and European plans.

Most desirably situated in COPLEY SQUARE, the most fashionable locality in the city.

BARNES & DUNKLEE, Proprietors.
HERBERT H. BARNES, Manager.

Jewelry!

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL

Dumb-bell Cuff Buttons, gold and gold plated; some with small diamonds; very low prices. Ladies' Guard Watch Chains, very fine Brooch Pins, with PEARLS, DIAMONDS and OPALS. Rings with solitaire diamonds at the old prices. Now is the time to BUY DIAMONDS for the prices have risen considerably.

E. C. Blaine's, 245 Thames street.

Livery Stable, Carriage House and Storage.

THE PROPERTY ON TEW'S COURT, FORMERLY USED AS ELECTRIC LIGHT STATION, IS FOR SALE. THE LOT CONTAINS ABOUT 7,500 SQUARE FEET, AND IS NEARLY COVERED BY A SUBSTANTIALLY-CONSTRUCTED BRICK BUILDING, WELL ADAPTED TO A VARIETY OF PURPOSES. IT IS NOW USED AS A LIVERY STABLE, RIDING SCHOOL AND CARRIAGE HOUSE.

A LARGE PART OF THE STRUCTURE CAN EASILY BE ARRANGED FOR A PRACTICALLY FIRE-PROOF STORAGE HOUSE, OF LARGE CAPACITY, SUCH AS IS GREATLY NEEDED IN NEWPORT AT THIS TIME.

THE PROPERTY IS IN GOOD REPAIR AND IMMEDIATE POSSESSION WILL BE GIVEN. APPLY TO

T. T. PITMAN, DAILY NEWS OFFICE.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

Chafing Dishes

IN THE CITY.

Children's Sets, Plated Knife, Fork and Spoon.

TABLE TEAKETTLES.

All sizes and prices on hand.

Brass Andirons, Brass Fenders, Brass Fire Sets, Brass Coal Hods, AND MANY OTHERS, AT

W. K. COVELL'S, 163 Thames St.

BUY IT, USE IT AND BE CURED.

You cannot sleep nights, and still you persist in taking something said to be equal to it. DON'T BELIEVE IT. There is nothing so good and that will give so quick and lasting relief as

Dixon's Great Russian Cough Cordial.

At all druggists. 25c. a bottle. Try it and get cured of that cough.

Kindling Wood delivered to any part of the city, 4 barrels for one dollar. It is nice, dry, clean pine wood, cut from clean kiln-dried forest trees. Beware of kindlings made from old torn-down buildings; it is more or less decayed and harbors bed bugs, ants and disease germs. It is sold very cheap, but in the end may be very dear. Leave your order at 69 to 75 Mill street.

DEEP RED ASH

Franklin Stove Coal.

FREE-BURNING

Lorberry Red Ash.

Abram Almy, - 173 Thames St.

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Electric Lighting.
Electric Power.
Residences and stores furnished for electricity at lowest rates.
Electric Supplies, Fixtures and shades.

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Every gem is selected with a view to its color and brilliancy, and it is so mounted that its full beauty is shown.

We have loose stones from ¼ to 2 carats which we will mount in original designs to suit purchaser.

HERRMANN,
219 THAMES STREET.

Hothouse Grapes.

—AT—

BURLINGAME & CARRY'S.

Another Star

Has been added to our already large list of high grade and reliable makes of

PIANOS.

It is the celebrated EMERSON PIANO one of the oldest and most popular makes known. We are the sole agents for Newport County and have some fine specimens in stock and more coming. We should be pleased to show you these Pianos. Our list now comprises

Steinway, Gabler, Hardman, Emerson, Standard, Shoninger and Singer.
Pianolas and Aeolians.

Stop in and see us.

BARNEY'S MUSIC STORE,
154 THAMES STREET.

Alaska Red Salmon

13c. per Tin.

Columbia River Salmon
20c. per Tin.

Kippered Herring,
10c. per Tin.

Soused Mackerel,
15c. per Tin.

Bailey's Ext' of Clams,
Especially good for Invalids.
20c. per Tin.

Sardines,
5c., 10c., 15c., 20c., 35c., 40c. per Tin.

Fresh Island Eggs,
At lowest market price.

E. P. CARRETTSON & CO.

"ADA CAMPBELL."

THE SCHOONER ADA CAMPBELL HAS ARRIVED AND IS DISCHARGING FOR US A CARGO OF THE FAMOUS

Old Co's Lehigh

COAL. THIS COAL HAS A REPUTATION THAT NO OTHER COAL CAN APPROACH.

Perry Brothers.

ADDRESSES OF ACCEPTANCE.

Speeches of Republican Candidates Before Yesterday's Convention.

After the nominations for state officers were made in the Republican state convention yesterday, the several nominees were introduced and addressed the delegates.

Hon. William Gregory, candidate for governor, said:

"Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention: You did not expect a long speech from me today and I am not going to disappoint you. It has always been my practice to write short letters and say a good deal in them. I will endeavor to conduct the duties of my office, if I am elected, on business principles so far as lies in my power. I thank you sincerely for your action today."

Charles D. Kimball, candidate for lieutenant governor, said:

"I thank you sincerely for the honor of having a place on the Republican state ticket. Experience has shown that it is impossible to separate national and state politics. When the people of this state vote at the state election next April, they will not only decide which party shall be entrusted with the state government for the ensuing political term, but they will pass upon the comparative qualifications of the two great parties for the task of governing the nation. In considering that question, proper weight should be given to the records of the parties. The Republican party has contained nearly all, if not all, of the constructive statesmen of the country since 1860. Men who have been and are capable of formulating a policy and carrying it out to a successful issue. It has settled all the great questions arising since that time. Its record constitutes the political history of the country for 40 years.

"On the other hand, the Democratic party is, and has been, led by men skilful only in the arts and devices of an opposition party. It has not been entrusted with the complete control of the government but once since the outbreak of the civil war. During that control it formulated but one policy, which was promptly repudiated by the people at the polls. Its executive was unable to command party support for his financial policy, and was compelled to depend upon the assistance of his political opponents in Congress for necessary legislation. It has championed every financial heresy of the present generation, and approaches every great question with a narrow and contracted view of the constitutional powers of the government. It is highly important that the American people should be furnished with a sound basis for their currency. It cannot be established by a party wedded to an obsolete financial system, discarded by every nation in the world. It is the duty of this country to provide a stable government in the Philippine islands which shall protect life and property and promote the general welfare of the native and European inhabitants. This cannot be done by a party which questions American sovereignty and denies American responsibility. The grave problems now confronting the people of the United States can be solved only by such broad-minded statesmen as the Republican party has produced in the past and possesses at the present time.

"From now until November 1 the people of this country will observe and discuss the political situation. This state is the first to hold an election. It is, therefore, important not only as a tribute to his many good qualities, not only as a matter of pride, but as a matter of duty, for us to elect Hon. William Gregory governor by the largest plurality ever given in this state."

Charles P. Bennett, candidate for renomination as secretary of state, said:

"Mr. Chairman and Fellow Republicans: This is the eighth time that I have had the honor of being nominated for the position of secretary of state of this grand old state of Rhode Island. I can only assure you of my thanks for the honor you have done me and for your evident appreciation of the administration of the office of the secretary of state. If I am elected, and I believe that with such a heavy team as Governor Gregory and Governor Kimball heading the ticket I will be, I assure you that I will endeavor to carry out the duties of the office in a way which will meet your approval. Before closing I wish to congratulate the convention in its excellent choice of a ticket."

Willard B. Tanner, candidate for renomination as attorney general, said that it gave him pleasure to again receive the honors of his party. "I feel deeply grateful to you for re-nomination to this office. It is an office in which a man may easily make himself disagreeable. I hope that I have made myself as little that way as possible. As the attorney general of the state, I advise the governor. You may attribute to this the brief speech that that your candidate for governor made. I am going to be equally lavish and make my speech brief. I thank you for the honor you have conferred upon me today."

Walter A. Read, candidate for re-nomination as general treasurer, expressed his thanks for the courtesy and honor shown him by his re-nomination. He assured them that in the event of his election he would do his best to carry out the duties of his office in a way which would bring credit to the state and be for its best interests.

Congressman Francis W. Cushman of Tacoma, Washn., spoke at length on national questions.

DEATH OF SOLOMON T. HUBBARD.

Mr. Solomon T. Hubbard died at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Burch, at Utica, N. Y., yesterday, after a long illness. Mr. Hubbard retired from business a few years ago and had resided with his daughter, at intervals, since. By trade he was a wheelwright and he was engaged in that business for many years, his foreman at one time being the late Achilles Stevens. Later he entered into the grocery business on the north corner of Thames street and Washington square and afterwards maintained a restaurant and boarding house, known as the Ambrose House, on Thames street, opposite Washington square. He was a man of excellent judgment, a favorite with all who knew him, and charitable and kind to those needing help. The body will be brought here for burial. The wife of the deceased died several years ago, and he leaves but one child, Mrs. Burch.

GETTING TOGETHER.

CONTINUED FROM SIXTH PAGE.

straighten out matters. When he reached the lower board he succeeded in tangling things up generally. He said the mayor said the resolution should be a City Council resolution and not a common council resolution. President Koehne told him to tell the mayor that they did not agree with him. The council knew how to run its own business.

The city solicitor made his second exit. When he came in the president was reading the board of aldermen's plan to use the bond bonus for the sewer outlet. When he left the matter was unanimously dropped on the table by the council. When the city solicitor reached the aldermen's chamber he had a conference with the mayor, and then left. Then the mayor entered the lower branch and said he differed with Mr. Koehne in relation so in the resolution, which was a resolution to be acted on by both boards. Mr. Stevens said the mayor had requested the council to state in writing what it wanted a conference for, and it had done so in the resolution which was a resolution of the common council only.

Then the mayor sent for the city solicitor who had gone to see "The Female Drummer," at the Opera House. After a while, for there were many between acts in this long-drawn-out comedy-drama, the city solicitor returned and made a stump speech which affected nobody. He said it was very necessary that all proceedings leading up to a bond issue should be so carried out as to meet the approval of the able lawyers who are sent here to look into the question of the legality of the issue. These looked up every action bearing on the subject. Now they might object to this resolution of the common council. They could not object to the resolution if it was a joint one of the City Council. The latter would be right; perhaps this was right too. On such a trivial matter he felt the council would not want to endanger the success of the bond sale and he urged them to make it a joint resolution.

Mr. Bliss asked the difference between the common council and the City Council. The city solicitor said the City Council meant both branches acting together while the common council was the lower board composed of councilmen.

Mr. Stevens said the resolution in question did not affect the bond issue. It was no answer to a question brought in by the city solicitor.

Mr. Bliss asked whether it was the City Council or the common council that asked the board of aldermen for a conference. The city solicitor said it was the City Council, for it required joint action. This may be right, but the other way is surely right. This, to say the least, is a very unusual proceeding.

Mr. Sherman remarked that the entire proceedings were very unusual. The council had many requests for conference from the aldermen, but never asked that they be in writing. Mr. Brown made his third exit.

It was found that the now celebrated bond resolution was on the president's table, without action by the aldermen, and Mr. Stevens moved to reconsider action on it. This was voted. Mr. Stevens moved to re-insert clause 5, providing that the bonus go to the sinking fund, and to insist on its action.

The resolution then went back to the aldermen, who disagreed to the amendment made by the common council and asked for a committee of conference. Alderman Hamilton being appointed on the part of the board. The resolution, which was already well covered, received another endorsement from the city clerk and was again returned to the common council, where for the third time Messrs. Stevens and Gladding were appointed on the committee and retired with the document. After a session of sixteen minutes the members returned and in the council Mr. Stevens said the committee had been unable to agree on the resolution, but had unanimously agreed to report a proposition to put before the people each of the several propositions made and have them vote on each separately. To do this would require another special meeting of the council as it would take time to prepare the propositions properly. Mr. Murphy asked if the proposition was for separate ballots, or for separate propositions on one ballot. Mr. Stevens said the motion was for separate ballots. The report was received and the committee was discharged, and the resolution was referred back to the finance committee. The aldermen had adjourned before this final action was taken, but the mayor reconvened the board, and the council's action was concurred in.

The mayor presented a communication stating the object of the meeting, which was duly received.

On recommendation of the committee on streets and highways resolutions were passed authorizing the purchase of a No. 3 Gates stone crusher, a larger one than was previously authorized, at an additional cost of $545, and providing that the anticipated premium on the proposed bond issue to the amount of $10,000 be appropriated for the reconstruction of the sewer outlet in Briggs wharf, the amount of the premium to be regarded as a part of the current funds of the city.

A communication was received from the school committee submitting the resolution passed Monday evening asking the City Council to include in the proposition to be submitted to the taxpayers a clause for the appropriation of $15,000 for the construction and equipment of an addition to the Townsend Industrial School for the better use of the Coles bequest. In the board of aldermen Mr. Shepley moved that the amount be added to the amount already in the bond proposition. Mayor Boyle said it was too late to do this as the resolution had already been sent back to the common council. The communication was then received and referred to the finance committee and the common council concurred in this action.

A communication was received from the board of firewards enclosing the letter of the trustees of the Newport Hospital offering free care for the members of the fire department and the board of firewards' letter acknowledging the offer.

A communication was received from Charles J. Moore, late clerk of the late committee on the revision of the ordinances, submitting a bill for $100 for services rendered by him to the committee and the city. In the board of aldermen Mr. Hamilton said that he understood that Mr. Moore had been paid $50 a month for his services and that was sufficient. Mr. Shanteler said that he supposed Mr. Moore had received his salary regularly. The communication was referred to the finance committee.

A petition from P. J. Morgan and others for a pipe sewer, 70 feet in length, in a court off Harrison avenue, was referred to the committee on streets and highways with power to act.

A communication was received from the street commissioner stating that after a permit had been granted to move the stable from the Tooker estate through Kay street, a petition had been received from a number of owners of estates on that street and in the immediate vicinity protesting against the removal of the building and asking that the permit be revoked. The petition was enclosed in the communication. A petition in behalf of Thomas Dunn, Kate Hunter Dunn and Anna F. Hunter, asking that the authorities refuse permission for the removal of the building was also received. As the street commissioner had already given a permit for the removal of the stable and as no one saw any way of revoking the permit, no action was taken.

The aldermen concurred with the common council in the latter body's action of the week before in the resolutions authorizing the macadamizing of a portion of Wearer avenue and providing for the printing of the city documents, and in the reference to the assessors of the petition of Joshua Stacy for a reduction in the taxable value placed by the assessors on his property on Powel avenue, from $5,710 to $4,000.

The common council concurred in the aldermen's action in the several matters acted upon by the board at the previous meeting and in the business presented at this meeting. The former included the reception of the city treasurer's communication regarding the depositing of the funds for the Coles professorship, the reports of the committees on streets and highways and fire department, and the petition of Dr. Wolcott Gibbs and others against the building of a sewer between Bliss road and Bath road, and the passage of resolutions authorizing the fire department committee to purchase a new horse for hose No. 3 at a cost of $250 and to sell the old horse at private or public sale, to make repairs to and paint the exterior of fire station No. 1, at an estimated cost of $170, to have a fire alarm signal and test box placed on the corner of Gidley and Spring streets, at an estimated cost of $160, and to have a fire hydrant placed on Lincoln street halfway between Rhode Island avenue and Cranston avenue, at an estimated cost of $60; authorizing the committee on streets and highways to macadamize Vernon avenue at an estimated cost of $2,000 and to macadamize Prescott Hall road at an estimated cost of $1,800. A resolution was also passed in concurrence authorizing the city treasurer to give a receipt to Hon. William P. Sheffield, trustee, on behalf of the city for moneys received for the Coles professorship.

A communication was received from the directors of the National Bank of Commerce of New York asking the city of Newport to sign proxies approving the proposed consolidation of that bank with the National Union Bank of New York, and a resolution was passed referring the matter to the mayor, president of the common council and chairman of the joint committee on finance. No one seemed to know exactly what to do with the matter, and in the common council the special committee was given power to act, but in the board of aldermen it was thought that the city treasurer should have something to do with the matter as he alone knows just what funds of the city are in the stock of the bank and is the fiscal agent of the city, and the clause "with power to act" was stricken off, and the councilmen concurred in this action.

Councilman Howard in the lower board presented the report of the committee on ordinances reporting favorably on the ordinance repealing sections 19 and 20 of chapter 4 of the ordinances, which forbids members of the council from doing any work for the city unless on contracts after open bids have been asked for. Mr. Stevens said it seemed poor policy to undo work deemed necessary years ago and which is much more so now. The people do not expect the men they elect to carry on the city business to make a personal profit out of it. It was a nuisance years ago, the constant grabbing after city work and the quarrels that ensued when one man got more than another. In financial institutions it is the rule that those who manage them should not be interested in them. So it should be with the city's business. He moved to indefinitely postpone the ordinance. It was so voted 14 to 1. The report was received.

The resolution to curb and macadamize Friendship street at a cost of $6,500, which passed the board of aldermen at the previous meeting, fell down hard in the lower branch, where Mr. Kelly said it seemed very peculiar that when $6,000 was wanted for fixing a certain street the people were asked to vote on the subject, and when another street needed $6,500 for fixing, all it needed was the vote of the council. Where is that $3,000 limit? He moved to lay the resolution on the table and it was laid.

The report of the street commissioner for four weeks to February 24 was read.

The lower board concurred with the action of the aldermen last week in referring the petition for a fire alarm box at Hope street and Powel avenue to the committee on fire department.

In the board of aldermen a pool table license was granted to Jacob Aronson and a fruit vender's license to Aaron Potter.

The adjournment at 9:15 was to the first Tuesday evening in April at 8 o'clock.

UNITY CLUB.

A large attendance for any private literary organization in Newport, including more than 100 ladies and gentlemen, was present Tuesday evening at the Unity Club's stated meeting in the Channing parlors.

Miss M. Theodora Taylor read, as an illustration of the simple life of the Irish peasantry, a short story bearing the title of "A Windfall," by Miss Jane Barlow, whose "Irish Idylls" present admirably many of the special characteristics of the peasant life of Ireland, permeated as it is by mutual consideration, kindliness, shrewdness and dignity. Miss Taylor's elocutionary rendering of the little story was excellent.

She was followed by her brother, Mr. A. O'D. Taylor, Jr., in the special paper of the evening, on "Hibernian Wit and Humor." Mr. Taylor's remarks met with a hearty welcome, and were full of Irish witticisms and specimens of the well-known "Irish bulls," creating much merriment.

The third and last item of the program was a rendering by Mr. Albert S. Howard of Mr. Dooley's account of his old father's Lenten struggles, when he tried to deny himself an occasional indulgence in a pipe of tobacco. Mr. Howard has marked dramatic power, both vocal and facial, and his recitation caused great laughter. He seemed to have identified himself very thoroughly with the amusing Mr. Dooley's quaint way of looking at things. The whole evening proved a very enjoyable one.

CHANGE OF PREACHER.

The preacher at the United Congregational Church this evening will be Rev. Dr. Frank J. Goodwin of the First Congregational Church of Pawtucket. Professor Thomas C. Hall of New York was to have preached, but Dr. McClelland has received a telegram saying that Professor Hall is confined to his bed with an attack of grip. Dr. Goodwin is the successor in the Pawtucket Church of the late Rev. Alexander McGregor, who was well known in this city, having frequently preached in the United Church.

A CHILDREN'S PARTY.

The Pelham Club gave a children's party at the Conkling cottage yesterday, which was thoroughly enjoyed not only by the little ones but also by the members in charge of the entertainment. About 30 children, ranging from one and a half to 12 years, were present, and in themselves presented a very attractive picture. Games in which all could participate were played during the two hours from 3 to 5 o'clock, and the rooms of the club rang with the merry laughter of the little ones and their enthusiastic expressions gave unmistakable evidence of their pleasure.

One feature of the entertainment was a monster pie, from beneath the crust of which were colored ribbons, attached to a present for each child. The supper was served on a low table at which the children were seated in small chairs. The party was a happy thought of some of the members, and its success was unqualified.

SATIRE ON HOTEL LIFE.

Mr. Charles H. Hoyt has ever wielded a keen but kindly pen in satirizing the fads of every-day life, but in none of them has he been happier than in the satire on hotel life, in his comedy, "A Bunch of Keys," from the tuneful entrance of the harum scarum Teddy to the final curtain he displays his wit and



plays on the many eccentricities seen in daily hotel life. The skit has proven a great success wherever it has been presented, and with up-to-date ideas affords an enjoyable evening's entertainment. Manager Bollmer has a new company for this season and will introduce new songs, specialties and dances.

BLOCK ISLAND BUILDING BURNED.

There was more excitement on Block Island yesterday, not caused by any peculiar antic of the elements, but by a fire that completely destroyed one of the large buildings on William P. Lewis's farm on the southwest side of the island, and came near igniting the large residence. Had it not been for the assistance rendered by islanders it is more than probable that several of Mr. Lewis's buildings would have been destroyed.

It was about 7 o'clock when the fire was discovered in a building where 250 gallons of kerosene, farming implements and considerable property were stored. The cause of the fire is not known. The oil ignited and slight explosions scattered the flaming liquid about in a dangerous manner. The fire burned fiercely and the heat was intense. Neighbors went to the assistance of Mr. Lewis and fought the flames. At one time the Lewis homestead was threatened and it was by hard work that the islanders succeeded in preventing the flames getting a firm hold on the structure. The loss is estimated at $700 or more. Mr. Lewis had no insurance on the property.

THE SHELDON EXPERIMENT.

One of the baldest and at the same time one of the most successful fake advertising schemes of the century is the one lately conceived in Kansas, wherein a sensational preacher of Topeka has undertaken to give the world an object lesson of a week's duration, showing how Christ would conduct a daily newspaper. The irreverent reverend gentleman may succeed in his presumptuous effort to illustrate divine methods in journalism, and he may not; but the odds are largely against his success. Anyway, the consensus of opinion must unquestionably be that the Kansas evangelist and all his kind would do vastly more good by letting journalism alone, by striving to show how Christ would preach the gospel, and then modestly living up to its injunctions.—[Washington Star.

DISCOUNT SALE.

China, Glass and Earthenware.

My annual discount sale will begin Monday, March 5, and continue through the month.

ERASTUS P. ALLAN,
131 & 133 THAMES STREET.

Red Ash Stove and Chestnut

The Genuine Lorberry Coal.

WHITE ASH COALS
IN ALL SIZES.

Cumberland Coal for Blacksmith Use.

HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN,
WM. H. BOONE, AGENT.
Telephone 207-3.

We Buy from the Producer

And sell direct to the consumer. Having 23 stores in New England, we are enabled to buy large quantities and sell them to the consumer at prices often less than the wholesaler.

EGGS—You can always depend upon getting strictly fresh laid eggs from any of our stores.

BUTTER—If you like fancy fresh-made creamery butter, we always have it on hand.

SOME SPECIAL PRICES FOR THIS WEEK—Eagle brand Condensed Milk, per can, 15c.; Elite Cereal Coffee, usually sold for 20c., per pkg. 10c.; Gold Dust, per pkg. 18c.; Best unwrapped Soap, 4 bars for 10c.; Fancy Tomatoes, per can 7c.; Best Imported French Sardines, ½-lb. can 20c.; 2-lb. can Eyeless and Coreless Pineapple, 15c.; Glass butter dish filled with Mustard, 7c.; Fancy Olives, per bot., 5c., 10c., 15c., 20c., 25c., 30c.; Pickles, usually sold for 25c., per bot. 10c.; Best XXXX Family Flour, per bbl. $4.50; per bag, 55c.; Rolled Oats, 10 lbs. 30c.

TEA AND COFFEE—Regular 60c. tea, per lb. 45c. Fancy Teas, per lb. 35c. Fancy Mocha and Java Coffee, per lb. 20c.

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E. A. EDES & CO.,
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AUCTION SALES.

By Thomas Burlingham, Auctioneer.

At Aquidneck Hall, Thursday, March 15, at 10 o'clock.

Large Lot of Elegant Carpets,

Chamber Sets, Sideboards, Enamel Beds, Mattresses and Pillows, Toilet Sets, Crockery and Glass, Odd Bureau, Parlor Suits, Extension Tables, etc.

Inspection on Wednesday.

NEW BOOKS.

"The Love of Parson Lord." By MARY E. WILKINS.
"A Manifest Destiny," BY JULIA MAGRUDER.
"The Nerve of Foley," and Other Railroad Stories, BY FRANK H. SPEARMAN.
"Geber" A Tale of Harun the Khalif, BY KATE A. BENTON.
"The Map of Life," Conduct and Character, BY WILLIAM EDWARD HARTPOLE LECKY.
"The Listening Child," A Selection from the stores of English Verse, made for the Youngest Readers and Hearers, BY LUCY W. THACHER.
White's Elements of Pedagogy.
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